

(4) Under rule 112 of the Madras Legislative Assembly (Standing Orders and Revision Petition) Rules, 1930, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to direct that the inquiry shall be held at Madras.

5 His Excellency the Governor is pleased to appoint Mr. D. K. V. Raghavan Varma, Deputy Secretary to the Madras Legislative Assembly, to the Madras Legislative Council.

G. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(General.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Madras 162, May 18, 1937.

No. 11.—Whereas in the opinion of the Provincial Government the material losses in the Revenue School of Government and Police and Training Camp at Bangalore in the District of Coimbatore have been due to neglect of the maintenance of law and order and interference in the public peace;

Now, therefore the Provincial Government are hereby placed in possession of the premises and the school of Government and Police and Training Camp at Bangalore in the District of Coimbatore.

Port St. George, May 18, 1937.
(G.O. No. 303, Police (General).)

No. 12.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act, 1931 (XXIII of 1931), His Excellency the Governor hereby declares to be defamed in His Majesty's paper, whatever form of the book in English entitled "Kali Haya Upasandeha" (the language of Kali Haya, public opinion No. 8 of the Times, Suburban, and printed at Sri Lakshmi Printing Works, Bangalore), and all other documents containing copies, extracts or reproductions of the contents of the said book, inasmuch as it contains matter of the nature described in section 4 (3) of the said Act, as amended by section 4 (3) of Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XXIII of 1922).

G. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(Referent.)

NOTIFICATION.

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.
(G.O. No. 302, Police (General).)

No. 30.—

Under sub-section (2) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is pleased to direct that the following rules shall be made in the districts named as G.O. No. 301, Police (General), dated the 14th April 1937, and published in the Extraordinary part of the Port St. George Gazette No. 4, dated the 14th April 1937, namely:—

AMENDMENT.

After item (2) of the amendments specified in the said directive, the following rules shall be added as item (3) to (5), namely:—

(6) Examinations in Law and Veterinary for officers of the Madras Police Service.—

Section 4, Indian Penal Code and Criminal Procedure Code.
Section 10, Indian Evidence Act.
Section 10, Criminal Jurisprudence.
Section 10, Police Departmental Orders.
Section 10, Criminal Jurisprudence and Law.
(a) Tamil, Telugu, Kannada, Malayalam and Hindustani.

(7) Examinations in Law, Revenue and Office Procedure and Accounts for officers of the Madras Police Service and the Madras Forest Subordinate Service.—

(a) Forest Law.
(b) Forest Revenue.
(c) Office Procedure and Accounts.

(8) Examinations in Survey and Settlement for officers of the Madras Civil Service (Executive Branch).—

Survey.—
(a) Survey.
(b) Settlement.

G. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(Services.)

NOTICES.

Port St. George, May 18, 1937.

No. 304.—John Raghavan Nair, 111, time and possession Government Press, is one of whom particulars are given below, has been dismissed from public service. He is directed to report to the Department of the public service.

Father's name—Ravi Sankar.
Residence—Vengal Rao, Ponnur.
Race—Anglo-Indian.
Age—47 years.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Complexion—Fair.
Marks of identification—Hand tattoo on the left forearm—Smallpox marks on the face.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.
(G.O. No. 314, Police (General).)

No. 305.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (2) of sub-section (1) of section 501 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby placed to make the following amendments in the special rules for the Madras Hyderabad Subordinate Service published in the Police Departmental Notifications No. 30, dated the 10th January 1935, at pages 120-121 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, and the 22nd January 1935, as subsequently amended:—

AMENDMENT.

To rule 5 of the said rules the following paragraph shall be added at the end, namely:—

"A reserve Sub-Inspector appointed on additional Sub-Inspector of the district headquarters sub-station for the purpose of the training referred to in sub-section (2) of clause (1) shall not be deemed to be holding charge of Sub-station after under clause (2) of rule 11 or to have been promoted to category 1 under rule 11."

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.
(G.O. No. 313, Police (General).)

No. 306.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (2) of sub-section (1) and (2) of section 501 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby placed to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The rules of store clerks of the Madras Municipal Service employed in the Agricultural Department shall be increased temporarily by 100 points on the scale of pay of Rs. 10-0-0 to Rs. 11-0-0 for a period not exceeding one year commencing in such case on the date of appointment of the store clerk for the performance of work as an agricultural depot in the department.

2. The general and special rules applicable to hold the of permanent posts held on the said rules shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts, subject to the modification that a person shall be eligible for appointment to any of the said temporary posts, if he has passed the final examination in the 1st Form in a Higher or Higher.

Provided that persons shall be given to a candidate who has obtained any qualification not lower than the minimum general educational qualification specified in Schedule I to the general rules.

Explanation.—(1) In this rule, the expression "before the said temporary posts" shall mean the persons created against the temporary posts.

(2) A recruited school shall mean a school maintained by, or owned by, the citizens of the Local Government or to which recognition has been accorded by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, under the Madras Education Code.

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 30, 1937, Public (General).]

No. 219.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) and (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The rules of category 2 (General) of the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service shall be amended temporarily by clause 1 for the period commencing on such date as the date of appointment of the officer and ending on the 31st March 1938, and one year for the period specified below:—

From 1st April 1937 to 30th May 1937.

From 1st December 1937 to 30th March 1938.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of posts under the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the following modifications, namely:—

(a) No candidate shall be eligible for appointment in any of the said temporary posts unless he—

(i) possesses the qualifications specified in clause (a) of sub-rule (3) of rule 2 of the special rules; or

(ii) has passed the Government Technical Examination for the lower grade in the following groups of subjects, namely:—

(1) Building, Drawing and Estimating.

(2) Building, Materials and Construction.

(3) Roadwork and Road-making.

(4) He shall be paid to the holder of any of the said temporary posts a pay equivalent to the scale of Rs. 30—72—3 a month.

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (General) Notification No. 318, dated 24th October 1935, at page 172 of Part 1 of the Part 26, Gazette, dated the 21st October 1935, as subsequently amended; and

(5) nothing contained in general rule 11 of the rule 2 of the said special rules shall apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Explanation.—In this rule the expression "holders of the said temporary posts" shall mean "the persons created against the temporary posts."

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 318, Public (General).]

No. 212.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendments to the special rules for the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service published with Public (General) Notification No. 3, dated the 16th December 1935, at page 3 to 5 of Part 1 of the Part 26, Gazette, dated the 21st January 1936, as subsequently amended:—

Clause (1) of the amendment hereby made shall be deemed to have been made and to have come into force on and from the 15th April 1935 and clause (2) on and from the 30th November 1935.

AMENDMENTS.

In sub-rule (3) of rule 1 of the said rules:—

(a) for the words "10" of ascending against "Sub-inspection 12 Grade" in category 5, the figure "18" shall be substituted; and

(b) for the words "12" of ascending against "Sub-inspection 14 Grade" in category 3, the figure "18" shall be substituted.

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 312, Public (General).]

No. 214.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) and (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The rules of Sub-categories 12 and 13 of the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service in the Revenue Department.

11.

shall be increased, temporarily by one post of Sub-category 12 and one post of sub-category 13, for a period of one month commencing on the 26th March 1937 for the performance of work connected with the preparation of a second of rules in the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service in the Revenue Department.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of posts under the said rules shall temporarily apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the modifications, that there shall be paid to the holders of the temporary posts, as specified in clause 1 of the rule 1, a pay of the rate specified in the corresponding scales in section 2 (Table 1).

TABLE.

(1)	(2)
Pay (including Dearness Allowance)	Rs. 18 a month
Dearness Allowance	Rs. 12 a month
Gratuity	Rs. 12 a month

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with the Public (General) Notification No. 318, dated 24th October 1935, at page 172 of Part 1 of the Part 26, Gazette, dated the 21st October 1935, as subsequently amended.

Explanation.—In this rule the expression "holders of the said temporary posts" shall mean the persons created against the temporary posts.

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 314, Public (General).]

No. 215.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) and (3) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following special rules:—

RULES.

1. The rules of category 2 (Amalgamated) of the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service shall be amended temporarily by two posts for a period of one month commencing on the 26th March 1937 for the performance of work connected with the preparation of a second of rules in the Madras River Irrigation Subordinate Service in the Revenue Department.

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of posts under the said rules shall temporarily apply to the holders of the said temporary posts subject to the modification that there shall be paid to each of the holders of the said temporary posts a pay of the rate of Rs. 35 a month.

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall affect the operation of the rules published with Public (General) Notification No. 318, dated the 24th October 1935, at page 172 of Part 1 of the Part 26, Gazette, dated the 21st October 1935, as subsequently amended.

Explanation.—In this rule, the expression "holders of the said temporary posts" shall mean the persons created against the temporary posts.

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 315, Public (General).]

No. 216.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendments to the Government of Madras Revenue Department Rules 1936, published with Public (General) Notification No. 318, dated the 24th October 1935, at page 172 of Part 1 of the Part 26, Gazette, dated the 21st October 1935, as subsequently amended:—

AMENDMENTS.

In subcategory rule 1 under rule 12 of the said rules, between the words "the Director of Cooperative Societies" and the words "the Director of Veterinary Services" the words "the Controller, Government Museum" shall be inserted.

Part 26, Gazette, May 15, 1937.
[G.O. No. 316, Public (General).]

No. 217.—In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) of section 241 of the

Government of India Act, 1919, the following for Government is hereby placed in order the following order, from the rules for the Public Service Commission (Madras) No. 15, dated the 11th October 1920, on page 1071 in Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 11th October 1920, as subsequently amended.

The amendment hereby made shall be deemed to have been made and to have come into force on and from the 2nd April 1921.

AMENDMENT.

In section I of Appendix III to the said rules, after item 10 the following item shall be added, namely:—

"11. Assistant Engineer. At Fort (including Inspector in charge of works) at Madras, Coimbatore, Calicut, Bangalore, &c."

Fort St. George, May 23, 1921.

[G. O. No. 85, Public (General).]

No. 119.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 34 of sub-section (1) of section 34 of the Government of India Act, 1919, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the several rules published with Public (General) Department Notification No. 705, dated the 19th September 1920 at page 1379 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 19th September 1920, as subsequently amended:—

AMENDMENT.

In the second column of the table in rule 1 of the said rules, under the heading "Referral District," for the entry "from the 3rd September 1920 to the 15th April 1921" the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"From the 3rd September 1920 to the 31st March 1921."

Fort St. George, May 21, 1921.

[G. O. No. 102, Public (General).]

No. 120.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 34 of sub-section (1) of section 34 of the Government of India Act, 1919, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the several rules published with Public (General) Department Notification No. 5, dated the 3rd December 1920 at page 3 to 5 of Part I of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 7th January 1921, as subsequently amended:—

AMENDMENT.

In rule 2 of the said rules, after sub-rule (4) the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4) Nothing contained in clause (4) of sub-rule (4) or in clause (5) of sub-rule (5) of paragraph 2 shall apply to any person who, before the 15th June 1921, was included by the Commission in any list of approved candidates for appointment to the service in Category 3 by direct recruitment."

"(2) Any clerk at the Revenue Department or any other Government department not being a member of the Madras Public Service Commission, who before the 15th September 1920 had applied to the Commission for appointment to the service in Category 3 shall, if approved for it, be deemed for the purpose of these rules to be a candidate approved for appointment to the service in that category by the Commission from among the members of the Madras Provincial Service employed in the Revenue Department."

G. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

(Special.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. 121.—In reproduction of paragraph 1 of G. O. No. 305, Public (General), dated 12th May 1921, Mr. S. Brackenbury, J.C.S., General Secretariat Office, No. 111 Fort, Coimbatore, leave on average pay for right until the subject to the amount of Rs. 100/- is granted from the 1st April 1921 to the 15th May 1921, on leave of absence, with effect from the 15th May 1921, on date of order.

APPOINTMENT.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. 122.—M.R. No. 1. Y. Narayana Rao, Esq., Subordinate Judge, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Coimbatore, with effect from the 15th June 1921 and M.R. No. 1. Narayana Rao, Esq., acting from service.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. 123.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

DEFENCE DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. 261.—The services of Mr. G. R. F. Tottenham, Esq., J.C.S., are, upon the disposal of the Government of India, with effect from the 15th of the 24th April 1921.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. 262.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1921.

No. F. 181-JUSTICE & C.—In pursuance of the provisions of rule 17 of rule 26 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Government of India is pleased to nominate Mr. S. Brackenbury, Esq., J.C.S., being a non-official, to be a member of the said Legislative Assembly.

G. F. BRACKENBURY,
Chief Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, May 3, 1921.

[G. O. No. 172, Finance (Wages and Money).]

No. 65.—

The following Order in Council is republished:—

THE INDIA AND BURMA BORNE MONETARY ARRANGEMENTS ORDER, 1921.

AT THE COURT AT FORT ST. GEORGE.

The 15th day of March, 1921.

PRESIDENT:

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by section one hundred and fifty-eight of the Government of India Act, 1919, on this Order referred to as "the India Act" His Majesty in Council is empowered to make such provision as may appear to him to be necessary or proper for defining and regulating the relations between the monetary systems of India and

Burma and for purposes connected with or ancillary to those purposes, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of that section, such provision as may appear to him to be necessary or proper for the purpose of giving effect to any arrangements with respect to the said matters made before the commencement of Part III of the India Act with the approval of the Secretary of State by the Governor of Burma in Council with the Governor-General in Council.

And whereas by section one hundred and thirty-seven of the Government of Burma Act, 1935, in this Order referred to as "the Burma Act") His Majesty in Council is empowered to make such provision with respect to the monetary system of Burma and matters connected therewith or ancillary thereto as he thinks fit, and in particular, but without prejudice to the generality of that section, such provision as may appear to him to be necessary or proper for the purpose of giving effect to any arrangements with respect to the said matters made before the commencement of the Burma Act with the approval of the Secretary of State by the Governor of Burma in Council:

And whereas certain arrangements have been made with the approval of the Secretary of State between the Governor-General in Council and the Governor of Burma in Council with respect to the relations between the monetary systems of India and Burma after the separation of Burma from India:

And whereas by section two hundred and twenty-three of the India Act His Majesty in Council is empowered to provide that any law in force in British India shall, until repealed or amended by a competent Legislature or other competent authority, have effect subject to such adaptations and modifications as appear to His Majesty to be necessary or expedient for bringing the provisions of that law into accordance with the provisions of the India Act:

And whereas by section one hundred and forty-one of the Burma Act His Majesty in Council is empowered to provide that any law in force in Burma shall, until repealed or amended by the Legislature or other competent authority, have effect subject to such adaptations and modifications as appear to His Majesty to be consequential on the separation of India and Burma:

And whereas a draft of this Order has been laid before Parliament in accordance with the provisions of subsection (2) of section three hundred and nine of the India Act and subsection (1) of section one hundred and fifty-seven of the Burma Act, and an address has been presented to His Majesty by both Houses of Parliament praying that an Order may be made in the terms of this Order:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him as aforesaid and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, is pleased by and with the advice of His Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

PART I.

Introductory.

1. This Order may be cited as the India and Burma (Burma Monetary Arrangements) Order, 1937.

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- "the Bank" means the Reserve Bank of India;
- "the Governor-General" means the Governor-General of India;
- "India rupee coin" means silver rupee which are for the time being legal tender in British India;
- "India subsidiary coin" means coin of a lower denomination than one rupee which is for the time being legal tender in British India;
- "India notes" means currency notes of the Government of India and bank notes of the Bank, other than Burman notes;
- "Burma notes" means the Burman bank notes and the over-issued currency notes of the Government of India, for the issue of which by the Bank provision is made in Part II of this Order;
- "the Reserve Bank Act" means the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;

"separation" means the separation of India and Burma;
 "legal tender," in relation to a note, means legal tender in payment or on account for the amount expressed thereon;
 and other expressions have the same meaning as in the Reserve Bank Act.

3. The Interpretation Act, 1895, applies for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

4. Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference in this Order to, or to any provisions of, the Reserve Bank Act shall be construed as a reference to that Act or those provisions as for the time being in force in India, and any reference in this Order to, or to any provisions of, any other Act shall be construed as a reference to that Act or those provisions as for the time being in force in India, or as for the time being in force in Burma, as the context and the circumstances may require; and if any such Act or provisions have been repealed and re-enacted, either with or without modifications, any reference thereto in this Order shall be construed as a reference to the re-enacted Act or provisions as in force as aforesaid.

5.—(1) This Order shall come into force on separation.

(2) As respects the period between separation and the establishment of the Federation of India, references in this Order to the Governor-General shall be deemed to be references to the Governor-General in Council.

PART II.

Provisions to have effect as part of the Law of Burma.

General.

1. The provisions of this Part of this Order shall have effect as part of the law of Burma.

2. The Bank shall manage the currency of Burma and continue to carry on the business of banking in Burma, subject to the provisions of this Part of this Order.

3.—(1) Until the Governor of Burma otherwise determines, the standard monetary unit of Burma shall be the Indian rupee.

(2) If the standard monetary unit of Burma ceases to be the Indian rupee, any provisions of this Part of this Order which refer to values stated in terms of rupees shall have effect subject to such consequential adaptations as may be prescribed by Act of the Legislature.

Provisions as to Government Money, etc.

4.—(1) The Bank shall accept moneys for account of the Government of Burma, make payments up to the amount standing to the credit of its account, carry out its exchange, remittance and other banking operations, including the management of the Public Debt, and generally afford to it such facilities as those which the Bank affords to the Governor-General.

(2) The Government of Burma shall entrust the Bank with all its money, remittance, exchange and banking business in Burma and as particular shall deposit all its cash balances with the Bank free of interest.

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall prevent the Government of Burma from carrying on money transactions at places where the Bank has no branch or agency and from holding at those places such balances as it may require.

(3) The Government of Burma shall entrust the Bank with the management of the Public Debt of Burma and with the issue of any new loans.

(4) The conditions on which the Bank shall perform the functions mentioned in this paragraph shall be the same as those regulating similar transactions between the Governor-General and the Bank, subject, however, to such adaptations and modifications as may be agreed upon between the Government of Burma and the Bank or as may, in default of agreement, be prescribed by the Governor of Burma.

Particulars of any such adaptations or modifications shall be laid as soon as may be before both Chambers of the Legislature.

(5) The provisions of this paragraph apply with any necessary modifications in relation to the Federal Fund of the Federated Shan States:

Provided that the adaptations and modifications to be agreed or prescribed under sub-paragraph (4) of this paragraph shall be separately agreed or prescribed in relation to the Federal Fund and there shall be no necessity for particulars of those adaptations or modifications to be laid before either Chamber of Legislature.

5. The Bank shall not refuse to accept the moneys, and undertake the functions, which the Railway Board as by the Burma Act required to entrust to it.

Bank and Currency Notes.

6.—(1) The Bank shall as soon as may be after separation issue bank notes of distinctive design to be known as "Burma bank notes".

(2) Burma bank notes shall be expressed in terms of the standard monetary unit of Burma and shall be of such denominational values as the Governor of Burma may determine after consultation with the Central Board.

(3) The design, form and material of Burma bank notes shall be such as may be prescribed by the Governor of Burma after consultation with the Central Board.

(4) During the period of twelve months immediately following separation the Bank may, in lieu of issuing Burma bank notes, or Burma bank notes of any particular denominations, issue currency notes of the Government of India overprinted with the words "Legal tender in Burma only".

Provided that the said period may from time to time be extended, either generally or in relation to notes of particular denominations, by the Governor of Burma after consultation with the Central Board.

7.—(1) Burma notes shall be legal tender in Burma:

Provided that on the recommendation of the Central Board the Governor of Burma may by notification in the Gazette of Burma declare that with effect from such date as may be specified in the notification any series of Burma notes of any denomination shall cease to be legal tender save at an office or agency of the Bank.

(2) India notes shall continue to be legal tender in Burma for such period or periods, not being less than two years from separation, as the Governor of Burma may determine, or for such shorter period or periods as may be agreed between the Governor of Burma and the Bank, and thereafter such notes shall continue to be accepted at par at such places and for such further period or periods as may be determined by the Governor of Burma after consultation with the Bank:

Provided that India notes which have ceased in India to be legal tender save at an office or agency of the Bank shall not in Burma be legal tender save at an office or agency of the Bank.

(3) The Bank shall not re-issue Burma notes which are torn, defaced or excessively soiled.

8.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any enactment or rule of law to the contrary, no person shall be entitled to recover from the Bank or the Government of Burma the value of any lost, stolen, mutilated or imperfect India note or Burma note.

(2) The Bank may with the previous sanction of the Governor of Burma prescribe the circumstances in which, and the conditions and limitations subject to which, the value of the lost, stolen, mutilated or imperfect Burma notes may be refunded in or pro and the rules made under this sub paragraph shall be laid on the table of both Houses of the Legislature.

(3) The value of lost, stolen, mutilated or imperfect India notes may be extended as of grace in Burma in the circumstances and subject to the conditions and limitations prescribed for the time being in that behalf as respects British India under section twenty-eight of the Reserve Bank Act.

9.—(1) The Bank shall have the sole right to issue bank notes in Burma and the Government of Burma shall not issue any currency notes.

(2) No person in Burma other than the Bank shall draw, accept, make or issue any bill of exchange, bond, promissory note or engagement for the payment of money payable to bearer on demand, or borrow, owe or take up any sum or sums of money, on the bill, bonds, or notes payable to bearer on demand of any such person:

Provided that cheques or drafts, including bonds, payable to bearer on demand or otherwise may be drawn on a person's account with a banker, sheriff, or agent.

(3) Any person contravening the provisions of the last preceding sub-paragraph shall be punishable with fine which may extend to the amount of the bill, bond, note or engagement in respect whereof the offence is committed; but no prosecution under this sub-paragraph shall be instituted except on complaint made by the Bank.

Coinage.

10.—(1) India rupee coin and India subsidiary coin shall continue to be legal tender in Burma to the like extent and subject to the same conditions as immediately before separation for each period or periods, not exceeding, in the case of any class of coins, more than two years from the introduction of corresponding Burma coins, as the Governor of Burma may determine, or for each shorter period or periods as may be agreed between the Governor of Burma and the Bank, and thereafter shall continue to be accepted at par at such places and for such further period or periods as may be specified by the Governor of Burma after consultation with the Bank:

Provided that India rupee coin shall not cease to be legal tender in Burma as aforesaid so long as under the provisions of this Part of this Order the Bank is bound to issue such coin on demand in Burma in exchange for legal tender notes.

(2) No Burma coins shall be issued except in pursuance of an Act of the Legislature, and so long as under the provisions of this Part of this Order the Bank is bound to issue India rupee coin on demand in Burma in exchange for legal tender notes, no Burma coins shall be issued of the same value as, or of greater value than, the India rupee.

(3) Any Burma coins issued shall on demand be supplied by the Governor of Burma to the Bank against payment of their nominal value in such quantities as will, in the opinion of the Bank, be required for circulation in Burma, and the Governor of Burma shall not put any coins into circulation in Burma except through the Bank as pursuance of a demand made under this sub-paragraph.

The Bank may deliver to the Governor of Burma any Burma coins which will not in its opinion be required for circulation in Burma against payment of their nominal value, and no Burma coins shall be disposed of by the Bank otherwise than for the purposes of circulation or by delivery to the Governor of Burma under this sub-paragraph.

(4) It shall be the duty of the Governor of Burma to send as soon as may be to the Governor-General notice of any proposal to introduce any Burma coins.

11.—(1) Until the Governor of Burma otherwise determines, the Bank shall on demand issue India rupee coin in exchange for legal tender notes.

(2) The Bank shall on demand issue legal tender notes in exchange for legal tender coins.

(3) The Bank shall in exchange for legal tender notes of five rupees or upwards supply legal tender notes of lower value or legal tender coins in such quantities as may in the opinion of the Bank be required for circulation.

(4) If the Governor-General or, as the case may be, the Governor of Burma, at any time fails to supply coins to the Bank, the Bank shall be released from its obligations under this paragraph to supply such coins to the public.

12. Gold coins, coined at His Majesty's Royal Mint in England or at any mint established in pursuance of a proclamation of His Majesty as a branch of His Majesty's Royal Mint, shall not be legal tender in Burma, but such coins shall be received by the Bank at its offices, branches and agencies in Burma at the bullion value of such coins calculated at the rate of 5 4/1012 grains troy of fine gold per rupee.

13. The Indian Coinage Act, 1906, shall, until other provision is made by Act of the Legislature, have effect in Burma subject to the adaptations and modifications specified in Part I of the First Schedule to this Order and the enactments specified in Part II of that Schedule shall cease to have effect as part of the law of Burma:

Provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as affecting the operation of any provision of this Part of this Order relating to the extent to which and the conditions subject to which India coins are to be legal tender in Burma.

Duties of Bank as to Exchange.

14.—(1) The Bank shall sell to any person who makes a demand in that behalf at its office in Rangoon, and pays the purchase price in legal tender currency, sterling for immediate delivery in London at a rate not below one shilling and five pence and forty-nine sixteenthths of a penny for a rupee:

Provided that no person shall be entitled to demand to buy an amount of sterling less than ten thousand pounds.

(2) The Bank shall buy from any person who makes a demand in that behalf at its office in Rangoon sterling for immediate delivery in London at a rate not higher than one shilling and six pence and three-eighths of a penny for a rupee:

Provided that—

(a) no person shall be entitled to demand to sell an amount of sterling less than ten thousand pounds;

(b) no person shall be entitled to receive payment unless the Bank is satisfied that payment of the sterling has been made in London.

(3) The Bank shall provide any person who makes a demand in that behalf with remittance between its office in Rangoon and such office or offices in India as may be prescribed by the Central Board, in such amounts, at such fixed rate of exchange and subject only to such rules or rates of commission, as may be approved by the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma.

Provided that so long as the Bank is bound under this Part of this Order to issue on demand India rupee coin in exchange for legal tender notes, the rate of exchange shall be par.

Control of Scheduled Banks, etc.

15.—(1) Every Burma scheduled bank as defined in this paragraph shall maintain with the Bank a balance, the amount of which shall not at the close of business on any day be less than five per cent. of the demand liabilities, and two per cent. of the time liabilities, of that bank in Burma as shown in the latest returns made under sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph.

For the purposes of this paragraph the liabilities of a Burma scheduled bank do not include its paid-up capital or reserves or any credit balance in its profit and loss account or the amount of any loan taken by it from the Bank.

(2) Every Burma scheduled bank shall send to the Bank a return signed by two responsible officers of the scheduled bank showing—

- (a) the amounts of its demand and time liabilities respectively in Burma,
- (b) the total amount held in Burma in India notes and Burma notes respectively,
- (c) the amounts held in Burma in India rupee coin, India subsidiary coin and Burma coin respectively,
- (d) the amounts of advances made and of bills discounted in Burma respectively, and
- (e) the balances held at the Bank,

at the close of business on each Friday, or where a Friday is a public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1921, at the close of business on the preceding working day, and the return shall be sent not later than two working days after the date to which it relates:

Provided that where the Bank is satisfied that the furnishing of a weekly return under this sub-paragraph is impracticable in the case of any Burma scheduled bank by reason of the geographical position of that bank and its branches, the Bank may require that bank to furnish, at least a weekly return, a monthly return to be despatched not later than fourteen days after the end of the month to which it relates, giving the details specified in this sub-paragraph in respect of that bank at the close of business for the month.

(3) If at the close of business on any day before the day fixed for the next return the balance held at the Bank by any Burma scheduled bank is below the minimum prescribed in sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, that bank shall be liable to pay to the Bank in respect of each such day penal interest at the rate of three per cent. above the bank rate on the amount by which the balance which the Bank falls short of the prescribed minimum, and if on the day fixed for the next return the balance is still below the prescribed minimum as reduced by this interest, the rate of penal interest shall be increased to a rate five per cent. above the bank rate, in respect of that day and each subsequent day on which the balance held at the Bank at the close of business on that day is below the prescribed minimum.

(4) Any Burma scheduled bank failing to comply with the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph shall be liable to pay to the Bank a penalty of one hundred rupees for each day during which the failure continues.

(5) The penalties imposed by sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) of this paragraph shall be payable on demand made by the Bank and, in the event of a refusal by the defaulting bank to pay on such a demand, may be levied by a direction of the High Court; but such a direction shall be given only upon application made in that behalf to the Court by the Bank with the previous sanction of the Governor of Burma.

(6) In this paragraph "Burma scheduled bank" means a bank for the time being included in the Second Schedule to this Order; and the Governor of Burma shall, by notification in the Gazette of Burma, direct the inclusion in the said Schedule of any bank not already included therein which carries on the business of banking in Burma, and which—

(a) has a paid-up capital and reserves of an aggregate value of not less than five lakhs of rupees, and

(b) is a company as defined by section two of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or a partnership or a company incorporated by or under any law in force in any place outside Burma.

and shall by a like notification direct the exclusion from the said Schedule of any Burma scheduled bank, the aggregate value of whose paid-up capital and reserves becomes at any time less than five lakhs of rupees, or which goes into liquidation or otherwise ceases to carry on banking business.

Provided that no bank shall be included in the said Schedule if it is a scheduled bank within the meaning of the Reserve Bank Act.

(7) The Governor of Burma may at any time by notification in the Gazette of Burma amend the Broad Schedule in this Order for the purpose of correcting any misdescription of any bank.

16.—(1) The Bank may require any Burma co-operative bank with which it has transactions under section seventeen of the Reserve Bank Act to furnish such returns as are referred to in sub-paragraph (2) of the last preceding paragraph, and while such a requirement is in force the provisions of sub-paragraphs (4) and (5) of that paragraph shall apply so far as may be in that co-operative bank as if it were a Burma scheduled bank.

(2) In this Part of this Order "Burma co-operative bank" means—

- (a) the principal society in Burma which is registered or deemed to be registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, and of which the primary object is the financing of the other societies in Burma which are or are deemed to be so registered;
- (b) any other central co-operative society declared for the time being by the Governor of Burma to be a Burma co-operative bank for the purposes of this Part of this Order.

Miscellaneous.

17.—(1) The Bank shall not be liable for the payment of any stamp duty in Burma in respect of Burma notes or India notes.

(2) The Bank shall not be liable to pay Burman income-tax or super-tax on any of its income, profits or gains:

Provided that nothing in this sub-paragraph shall affect the liability of any shareholder in respect of Burman income-tax or super-tax.

(3) For the purposes of any provisions of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, as in force in Burma, which relate to the levy and refund of income-tax, any dividends paid under section forty-seven of the Reserve Bank Act shall be deemed to be "interest on securities".

18.—(1) The Reserve Bank Act shall cease to be part of the law of Burma, and the status of the Bank shall be that of a corporation existing only by virtue of the law of British India and capable of suing and being sued as such in Burma; and accordingly effect shall be given to the said Act by courts in Burma only in so far as, under the rules and principles of law determining the cases in which law other than Burman law is to be applied in Burma, the proper law is to be applied as the law of India.

(2) Nothing in the Indian Companies Act, 1913, shall apply to the Bank.

(3) Nothing in this paragraph shall—

(a) revive in Burma the enactments repealed by the Reserve Bank Act,

(b) affect, as respects Burma, the amendment made in section eleven of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, by section sixty-one of the Reserve Bank Act.

19.—(1) If any person in Burma makes a false statement in any declaration furnished by him in pursuance of a requisition under sub-section (1) of section fifty-six of the Reserve Bank Act, he shall be deemed in Burma to have committed the offence of giving false evidence defined in section one hundred and ninety-one of the Indian Penal Code and shall be punishable under the second paragraph of section one hundred and ninety-three of that Code.

(2) Nothing contained in any declaration furnished under the said sub-section (1) shall operate to affect the Bank with notice of any trust, and no notice of any trust expressed, implied or constructive shall be retrievable by the Bank.

20. References in this Part of this Order to the Central Board shall, in the event of the suspension of that Board under section thirty of the Reserve Bank Act, be construed as references to the agency to which the general superintendence and direction of the affairs of the Bank are entrusted under that section.

21.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, this Part of this Order shall cease to have effect on the expiration of two years from the date on which a notice determining the operation thereof is given to the Governor-General by the Governor of Burma or to the Governor of Burma by the Governor-General, or, however, that no such notice shall be given before the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Provided that, if in the opinion of the Governor of Burma the Bank fails to fulfil any of the obligations imposed upon it by this Part of this Order, or if the Reserve Bank Act is amended in any manner which in the opinion of the Governor of Burma is seriously prejudicial to the interests of Burma, the Governor may give notice to the Governor-General determining the operation of this Part of this Order at any time, and that notice shall take effect on such date as may be specified therein.

(2) The expiration of this Part of this Order shall not remove any enactment which has ceased to be in force as part of the law of Burma and shall not affect the provisions of this Part of this Order declaring that the status of the Bank is to be that of a corporation existing by virtue of the law of British India and declaring the extent to which effect is to be given by courts in Burma to the Reserve Bank Act.

PART III.

Provisions to have effect as part of the Law of British India.

1. Until other provision is made by any Act of the Indian Legislature or the Federal Legislature, the Reserve Bank Act shall have effect in British India subject to the adaptations and modifications specified in the Third Schedule to this Order.

2. While Part II of this Order remains in force, it shall be the duty of the Governor-General to send as soon as may be to the Governor of Burma notice of any proposal to introduce, or move an amendment to, a Bill in the Indian Legislature or the Federal Legislature which affects the currency or coinage of British India or the Federation, or the constitution or functions of the Bank.

PART IV.

Adjustments between Governments, etc., and other Miscellaneous Provisions.

Interpretation of Part IV.

1.—(1) In this Part of this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- "note ratio fraction" for a specified period means the fraction of which the denominator is the average amount of the Indian notes and Burma notes shown as being in circulation in the weekly accounts of the Bank relating to dates falling within that period, and the numerator is the average amount of the Burma notes shown as being in circulation by those accounts;
- "the appropriate fraction" means, in relation to the transitional period, the note ratio fraction for the last year of that period and, in relation to any subsequent financial year, the note ratio fraction for that year;
- "Governor-General's bank profits" in relation to any period means the sum of—

- (a) any amounts paid in that period to the Governor-General by the Bank under section forty-seven, or sub-section (2) of section thirty-seven, of the Reserve Bank Act, and by the Income Department under sub-section (2) of section thirty-five of that Act, and

(b) any other profits accruing in that period to the Governor-General by reason of any realisation of the gold held by the Bank,

less any amount debited to the Governor-General in that period under sub-section (2) of the said section thirty-four;

"silver proceeds" and "silver deficiency" in relation to any period mean the amount by which the net receipts of the Governor-General for that period from sales of silver exceed or, as the case may be fall short of the sums expended by him for that period on purchases of silver, and for the purposes of this definition any transfer of India rupee coin under section thirty-six of the Reserve Bank Act shall be deemed to be a purchase or sale, as the case may be;

"gold" and "silver" mean respectively gold coin and gold bullion and silver coin and silver bullion;

"the Burma debt to India" means any liability imposed on the revenues of Burma under section one hundred and thirty-four of the Burma Act;

"the transitional period" means the first three financial years after separation.

Provided that if it appears to the Governor of Burma at the end of the said three years that India notes are still returning from circulation in Burma to a considerable extent, the Governor of Burma may, within one month after the end of the said three years, give notice to the Governor-General that the transitional period is to continue and it shall continue accordingly until the end of the financial year in which in the opinion of the Governor of Burma the amount of India notes returning from circulation in Burma has become negligible.

(2) If, during the transitional period or during a financial year, either of the following events occurs, that is to say—

(a) Part II of this Order expires, or

(b) Burma coins intended to supersede India rupee coin in Burma are got into circulation,

then, for the purposes of any provision of this Order relating to or coming into effect on the expiration of, a period which comes to the happening of that event, any reference in that Part of this Order to the transitional period or to that year shall be construed as a reference to so much thereof as precedes the happening of the event.

(3) For the purpose of computing the silver proceeds or the silver deficiency for any period, the Governor-General shall, in respect of any silver sold by him in India, be taken to have received either—

(a) the rupee equivalent at the rate of exchange of the day of the London price of silver at the time when the contract was made, after deducting any brokerage and other charges or rebates actually incurred by the Governor-General in effecting the sale, or

(b) the actual sum received by him after deduction of any such brokerage and other charges or rebates and of any import duty on silver so sold at the time when the contract was made,

whichever is the greater.

References in this sub-paragraph to the date when the contract was made shall, in relation to rupee coin delivered to the Bank under sub-section (2) of section thirty-six of the Reserve Bank Act, be construed as references to the date of the delivery of the coin.

Division of Governor-General's Bank Profits during the currency of Part II.

2.—(1) This paragraph shall have effect in relation to the period during which Part II of this Order is in force.

(2) At the end of the transitional period and of each subsequent financial year there shall be paid to the Governor-General to the Government of Burma the appropriate fraction of the Governor-General's bank profits for that period, or, as the case may be, that year.

(3) During the transitional period, the Governor-General shall pay to the Government of Burma the following sums on account—

(a) at the end of the first year, a sum ascertained by applying to the Governor-General's bank profits for that year the note ratio fraction for the last month thereof;

(b) at the end of the second year, such sum as will, with the previous payment on account, amount to a sum ascertained by applying to the Governor-General's bank profits for the first two years the note ratio fraction for the last month of the second year,

and so on at the end of each year except the last year.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this paragraph, as much of any sums payable to the Government of Burma thereunder as is ascertainable to dealings by the Bank in gold or the redemption of the Bank's holding of gold shall in lieu of being paid to the Government of Burma be credited as a capital payment in reduction of the Burma debt to India; and if in any financial year subsequent to the transitional period the proportion of the Governor-General's bank profits which is ascertainable to dealings by the Bank in gold or the redemption of the Bank's holding of gold is, in the opinion of the Governor-General or the Governor of Burma, exceptionally large, the Governor-General or the Governor, as the case may be, may, within one month after the end of the year, require that the amount to be credited under this sub-paragraph at the end of that year shall be computed by applying to the Governor-General's bank profits for that year the note ratio fraction for such period as may be agreed by the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma, or, as may, in default of agreement, be determined by arbitration.

Division of Silver Proceeds and Silver Deficiencies pending the expiration of India rupee coin in Burma.

3.—(1) This paragraph shall have effect in relation to the period beginning on expiration and ending on the expiration of Part II of this Order or on the putting into circulation of Burma coins which are intended to supersede India rupee coin in Burma, whichever first occurs.

(2) At the end of the transitional period and of each subsequent financial year there shall be credited as a capital payment in reduction of the Burma debt to India an amount equal to the appropriate fraction of the silver proceeds for that period or, as the case may be, that year.

(3) During the transitional period there shall be credited as capital payments in reduction of the said debt the following sums on account of the reduction provided for by the last preceding sub-paragraph—

(a) at the end of the first year, a sum ascertained by applying to the silver proceeds for that year the note ratio fraction for the last month thereof;

(b) at the end of the second year, such sum as will with the sum previously credited on account amount to a sum ascertained by applying to the silver proceeds for the first two years the note ratio fraction for the last month of the second year,

and so on at the end of each year except the last year.

(4) If in any financial year subsequent to the transitional period the silver proceeds are, in the opinion of the Governor-General or the Governor of Burma, exceptionally large, the Governor-General or the Governor, as the case may be, may, within one month after the end of the year, resolve that the amount to be credited under this paragraph at the end of that year shall be computed by applying to the silver proceeds for that year the note ratio (instead for such period as may be agreed by the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma or as may, in default of agreement, be determined by arbitration).

(5) If there is a silver deficiency for the transitional period or for any year or years comprised therein or for any year subsequent thereto, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall apply in relation to that deficiency as they apply in relation to silver proceeds, except that a debit on capital account shall be made to the Government of Burma in relation to the Burma £56 to India instead of a credit, and that, if the deficiency is for the transitional period or for any year or years comprised therein, the provisions of sub-paragraph (3) of this paragraph shall have effect with such other adaptations as are necessary to secure that, in computing the credits and debits made during and at the end of the transitional period, due account is taken of the credits and debits previously made during that period.

Division of the Profit and Loss on the circulation of Nickel and Bronze Coins pending the expiration of India nickel and bronze coins in Burma.

4.—(1) This paragraph shall have effect in relation to the period beginning on expiration and ending on the expiration of Part II of this Order or on the putting into circulation of Burma coins which are intended to supersede the India nickel and bronze coins in Burma, whichever first occurs.

(2) At the end of each financial year there shall be paid by the Governor-General to the Government of Burma the profit, as calculated by the Auditor-General of India, on the net amount of the India nickel and bronze coins which are actually passed into circulation in Burma during that year, less the loss, as calculated by the Auditor-General of India, on the destruction of any India nickel and bronze coins returned from Burma to the Indian Mints in that year and destroyed as not being fit for re-issue.

(3) If in any financial year the amount of India nickel and bronze coins returning from circulation in Burma exceeds the amount of India nickel and bronze coins actually passed into circulation in Burma in that year, the Government of Burma shall pay to the Governor-General the loss attributable to that fact, as calculated by the Auditor-General of India, together with the loss, as calculated by the Auditor-General of India, on the destruction of any India nickel and bronze coins returned from Burma to the Indian Mints in that year and destroyed as not being fit for re-issue.

Division of Silver Stocks on the expiration of India rupee coins in Burma.

5. On the expiration of the period in relation to which paragraph three of this Part of this Order has effect, the Governor-General shall transfer to the Government of Burma a proportion of his stocks of silver to be determined by applying thereto either—

(a) if the transitional period was still current on the day before this paragraph takes effect, the appropriate fraction for the transitional period, or

(b) in any other case, the appropriate fraction for the financial year current on that day;

Provided that if, within one month after that day, either the Governor-General or the Governor of Burma so requires, the fraction to be applied shall be the note ratio fraction for such period as may be agreed between the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma or as may, in default of agreement, be determined by arbitration.

Disposal of Retired India Coins, and Burma's Share of the Silver Stocks.

6.—(1) Any India coins retired from Burma (whether from circulation, from the Bank's balances, from Treasury balances, or from small coin deposited by reason of the introduction of corresponding Burma coins shall be disposed of as follows:—

(a) if and so far as the Governor of Burma so desires, and the Mints in India are able to undertake the work, they shall be remitted with Burma designs at the Mints in India free of charge, except that any additional expenses arising from a material alteration in the numbers and composition of the coins shall be defrayed by the Government of Burma;

(b) any India subsidiary coin not so remitted shall be delivered to the Government-General against payment to the Government of Burma of its bullion value increased by an amount representing the cost to India of coining the same amount of coin in the same form;

(c) any India rupee coin not so remitted shall not be disposed of as coin, but the silver content thereof shall be disposed of in such manner as the Governor of Burma may think fit;

Provided that the Governor shall not dispose by sale of any such silver before the first day of January, sixtieth hundred and thirty-eight, otherwise than in accordance with an agreement to be concluded with the Governor-General which shall, among other things, determine, by reference to the respective stocks of silver held by the parties to the agreement, the maximum amounts to be sold by them respectively in any year.

(2) Sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall apply to rupees in India rupee coin transferred to the Government of Burma under the last preceding paragraph as it applies to retired India rupee coin, and shall apply in relation to silver bullion so transferred as it applies in relation to retired India rupee coin which is not recoined in India thereunder.

Duration of Assets and Liabilities on expiration of Part II.

7.—(1) On the expiration of Part II of this Order, the provisions of this paragraph shall take effect except so far as may be otherwise agreed between the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma, or, as the case may be, between the Governor of Burma and the Bank.

(2) The Bank shall be relieved from all liability in respect of Burma notes and the revenues of Burma shall be liable in respect thereof, and any guarantee thereof of the Government of India shall be deemed to be a guarantee of the Government of Burma; and there shall be transferred from the Finance Department of the Bank to the Government of Burma assets which, as valued for the purposes of the Reserve Bank Act, bore together a value equal to the total liability in respect of the Burma notes outstanding on the expiration of the said Part II other than any notes which are deemed for the purposes of this sub-paragraph to have gone out of circulation.

For the purposes of this and the next succeeding sub-paragraph a note shall be deemed to have gone out of circulation if and only if on the expiration of the said Part II forty years or more have elapsed since the end of the financial year in which it was issued.

(3) India notes which were immediately before the expiration of Part II of this Order legal tender in Burma or in respect of which legal rights of encashment in Burma existed immediately before that date shall be accepted by the Governor of Burma at par at such places and for such period or periods as may be specified by the Governor of Burma after consultation with the Bank; and there shall from time to time on the demand of the Governor of Burma be transferred from the Finance Department of the Bank

to the Government of Burma assets which, as valued for the purposes of the Reserve Bank Act, have together a value equal to the amount of the notes accepted by the Governor of Burma under this sub-paragraph, other than notes which are deemed for the purposes of this sub-paragraph to have gone out of circulation.

(4) Any assets transferred under this paragraph shall include gold, sterling securities, India rupee coin and rupee securities in the proportions in which assets of these classes respectively were, immediately before the expiration of Part II of this Order, held by the Issue Department of the Bank:

Provided that unless the Governor of Burma otherwise agrees—

(a) the securities so transferred shall not include any trade bills originating in India;

(b) the total amount of rupee trade bills and the total amount of sterling trade bills transferred shall not bear to the total amount of the securities transferred a greater proportion than the total amount of the rupee trade bills or, as the case may be, the sterling trade bills held immediately before the expiration of the said Part II in the Issue Department bears to the total amount of the securities then held therein.

In this paragraph "securities" includes trade bills, and "rupee securities" and "rupee trade bills" include respectively securities and trade bills expressed in the standard monetary unit of Burma, whether or not that unit is still the Indian rupee.

(5) Any India rupee coin transferred under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the last preceding paragraph as if it were silver rupee coin.

(6) If and in so far as distinctive Burma coins have not previously been introduced, they shall forthwith be introduced and all India coins shall, as soon as may be, be retired from Burma and disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the last preceding paragraph:

Provided that India coins shall continue to be accepted at par at such places in Burma and for any such further period or periods as may be specified by the Governor of Burma.

(7) The Governor of Burma shall, if the Bank so desires, take over from the Bank all or any of the property held by the Bank in Burma for the purpose of carrying on its business against payment of the value of that property as shown in the books of the Bank if Part II of this Order expires at or before the expiration of three years from separation, or, if the said Part II expires at a later date, on such terms as may be agreed with the Bank, or, in default of agreement, decided by arbitration.

(8) If the agreement made between the Bank and the Imperial Bank in pursuance of section forty-five of the Reserve Bank Act is still in force, the Governor of Burma and the Bank shall enter into separate agreements with the Imperial Bank which shall be in substitution for the said agreement but without prejudice to rights acquired or liabilities incurred prior thereto.

The agreements so to be made shall be such as together to secure so nearly as may be that the Imperial Bank continues to act in relation to Government business and currency operations in India and Burma in the like manner, for the like period and on not less favorable conditions as if Part II of this Order had not expired, and if the Governor of Burma, the Bank and the Imperial Bank are not able to agree upon the terms of the said agreements, the terms thereof shall be such as may be decided by arbitration:

Provided that the agreement so to be made between the Governor of Burma and the Imperial Bank shall be such as to secure that if on the opinion of the Governor of Burma the Imperial Bank has failed either to fulfil its duties which it owes to the Governor of Burma in relation to the conduct of Government business and currency operations in Burma or to maintain a sound financial position, the Governor may issue instructions to the

Imperial Bank with reference either to the rights acquired by the Governor under the agreement or to any matter which in the opinion of the Governor involves the security of the Government money in the custody of the Imperial Bank, and in the event of the Imperial Bank disregarding those instructions may terminate the relationship between him and the Imperial Bank.

(2) There shall be credited to a capital payment in reduction of the Burma debt to India, on account calculated as follows:—

(a) the surplus assets of the Bank (including the Reserve Fund) shall be valued as on the day immediately preceding the expiration of Part II of this Order;

(b) there shall be deducted from the value as so ascertained the sums payable in respect of the financial year current on that day to the Governor-General and the shareholders of the Bank;

(c) the amount to be credited shall be ascertained by applying to the difference either—

(i) if the transitional period was still current on the day immediately preceding the expiration of Part II of this Order, the appropriate fraction for the transitional period, or

(ii) in any other case, the appropriate fraction for the financial year current on that day:

Provided that if within one month after that day either the Governor-General or the Governor of Burma so requires, the fraction to be applied to the said difference shall be the *pro rata* fraction for such period as may be agreed between the Governor-General and the Governor, or as may, in default of agreement, be determined by arbitration.

Provisions as to Agreements and Arbitration.

8. The Governor-General, the Governor of Burma, and the Reserve Bank may, as respects the rights and liabilities conferred and imposed on them respectively by the preceding provisions of this Part of this Order, agree or its substitution for any of the said provisions of such other provisions as may be specified in the agreement; and if in the opinion of the Governor-General or the Governor of Burma, reference developments have rendered any of the said provisions inapplicable the Governor-General or, as the case may be, the Governor, may, in default of such agreement as aforesaid, require the question whether, and if so what, provisions should be substituted for the provisions aforesaid to be referred to arbitration, and in the event of any such arbitration effect shall be given to the award of the arbitrator accordingly.

9. Any dispute arising under this Part of this Order between the Governor-General and the Governor of Burma shall be decided by arbitration.

10.—(1) Any matter which under this Part of this Order is to be decided by arbitration shall be referred to and decided by such person as may be agreed upon by the parties to the dispute or as may, in default of agreement, be appointed by the Secretary of State.

(2) The Arbitration Act, 1920, shall not apply to any such arbitration.

Miscellaneous.

11. The agreement made in pursuance of section forty-five of the Reserve Bank Act between the Bank and the Imperial Bank of India, shall have effect subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) references to India and British India shall be construed as including references to Burma and British Burma;

(b) references to the Governor-General in connection with relation to his general banking business, his accounts, and sums due to or from him, and references to Government in relation to receipts and disbursements dealt with on account

of Government shall be construed as including references to the Governor of Burma (both in his dealings with the revenues of Burma and in his dealings with the Federal Fund of the Federated Shan States) and the Burma Railway Board;

(c) references to banks included in the Second Schedule to the Reserve Bank Act shall be construed as including references to Burma scheduled banks.

M. P. A. Hankey,

FIRST SCHEDULE.

ADAPTATION AND REVISION OF CERTAIN FORMS OF LEGAL INSTRUMENTS
RELATIVE TO BURMA

PART I.

Adaptation and Modification of the Indian Coinage Act, 1906.

The title and preamble shall be omitted.

In section one, for the words "the Indian Coinage Act, 1906" there shall be substituted "the Burma Coinage Act," and all words subsequent to those words shall be omitted.

In section two, paragraphs (b) and (c) shall be omitted; and for paragraph (d) there shall be substituted the following paragraph:—

"(d) 'provided' means provided by the Indian Coinage Act, 1906, as it forms immediately before the separation of Burma from India, or by the rules there in force thereunder."

Section three to fifteen A shall be omitted.

In sections sixteen and twenty, for the words "under the authority of the Governor-General in Council" there shall be substituted the words "under the authority of the Governor-General, of India or the Governor-General of India in Council," and for the words "by the Governor-General in Council or by the Local Government" there shall be substituted the words "by the Governor."

"Power to
make rules."

For section twenty-one there shall be substituted the following section:—

"(1) The Governor may make rules to carry out the purposes and objects of this Act and of the provisions of Part II of the Indian and Burma (Burma Monetary Administration) Order, 1927, and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power such rules may provide for the issuance of notes authorized in or in bank notes under sections sixteen and twenty of this Act.

(2) Every such rule shall be published in the Gazette and as such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Act."

Section twenty-three and twenty-four shall be omitted.

PART II.

Enactments repealed.

The Native Coinage Act, 1875.

The Indian Coinage (Amendment) Act, 1915.

The Presses and Printing (Amendment) Act, 1918.

Sections one to five of the Indian Coinage (Amendment) Act, 1918.

The Indian Coinage (Amendment) Act, 1925.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Burma Scheduled Banks.

Bank of Upper Burma.

C. Bai Gyu Thon and Company, Akaik.

Meura Bankers and Co.,

The Overseas-Chinese Banking Corporation.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

ADAPTATION AND MODIFICATION OF THE RESERVE BANK ACT.

General.

Throughout the Act, for the words "Governor-General in Council" wherever they occur, there shall be substituted the words "Central Government."

Section two.

In paragraph (c) for the words "Local Government" there shall be substituted the words "Provincial Government."

In paragraph (d) after the words "local tender" there shall be inserted the words "in British India" and the word "and" shall be omitted.

After paragraph (e) there shall be added the following paragraph:—

"(f) 'Burma scheduled bank,' 'Burma co-operative bank' and 'Burma notes' have the same meanings as in Part II of the Indian and Burma (Burma Monetary Administration) Order, 1927."

"In any, note as is expressly provided, include any notes which are Burma notes."

"(h) 'local authority' includes a local authority in Burma."

(3) "India" has the same meaning as in the Government of India Act, 1919;

(4) "British subject of His Majesty" includes all British subjects domiciled in Burma; and

(5) references to the Government of Burma include references to the Government of Burma in its dealings with the Federal Board of the Federated States.

Section 20.

In subsection (2)—

(a) after the words "has his principal place of business in India," the words "domiciled in India," the words "a State in India," and the words "ordinarily resident in India" there shall be inserted the words "or Burma";

(b) for the words "an Indian subject of His Majesty" there shall be substituted the words "an Indian or Burman subject of His Majesty";

(c) for the words "Indian subjects of His Majesty" (in both places where they occur) there shall be substituted the words "Indians or Burman subjects of His Majesty";

(d) after the words "having a branch in British India" there shall be inserted the words "or in Burma";

(e) after paragraph (c) there shall be inserted the following words:—

"or

(f) a company or co-operative society registered in Burma under any law relating to companies or co-operative societies, or a Burma scheduled bank."

In subsection (3), after the word "Indians" there shall be inserted the words "or Burmans";

In subsection (5), for the word "him" there shall be substituted the word "Government";

Section 21.

After the word "India" there shall be inserted the words "or Burma";

Section 22.

After the word "India" in both places where it occurs there shall be inserted the words "or Burma";

Section 23.

In subsection (2) for the words "the Indian Legislature or of a local Legislature" there shall be substituted the words "the Federal Legislature, the Indian Legislature, a Provincial Legislature, the Central Legislature, or the Burma Legislative Council or the Burma Legislative Assembly"; and after the words "any such Legislature" there shall be inserted the words "or Council";

Section 24.

In subsection (1), after the words "at a place" there shall be inserted the words "in British India";

Section 25.

In paragraph (1), for the words "the Secretary of State in Council" there shall be substituted the words "the Secretary of State"; and for the words "Local Government" there shall be substituted the words "the Federal Reserve Authority, the Provincial Government, the Government of Burma, the Burma Railway Board";

In paragraph (2), for the words "drawn on and payable in India" there shall be substituted the words "drawn on India or Burma and payable in India or Burma"; and after the words "scheduled bank" there shall be inserted the words "or a Burma scheduled bank";

In paragraph (3), for the words "drawn and payable in India" there shall be substituted the words "drawn either in India or in Burma and payable either in India or in Burma"; and for the words "or a Burma scheduled bank" there shall be substituted the words "or a Burma scheduled bank, a provincial co-operative bank, or a Burma co-operative bank";

In paragraph (4), for the words "drawn and payable in India" there shall be substituted the words "drawn either in India or Burma and payable either in India or Burma"; and after the words "a scheduled bank" there shall be inserted the words "or a Burma scheduled bank"; and for the words "the Government of India or a Local Government" there shall be substituted the words "the Central Government, a Provincial Government, or the Government of Burma";

In paragraph (5), after the words "scheduled bank" there shall be inserted the words "and Burma scheduled bank";

In paragraph (6), after the words "scheduled bank" there shall be inserted the words "or a Burma scheduled bank";

In paragraph (6), for the words "and provincial co-operative bank" there shall be substituted the words "and Burma scheduled bank, provincial co-operative bank, and Burma co-operative bank"; after the words "or a provincial co-operative bank" there shall be inserted the words "or a Burma co-operative bank"; and for the words "Burma scheduled bank, provincial co-operative bank or Burma co-operative bank" there shall be substituted the words "Burma scheduled bank, provincial co-operative bank or Burma co-operative bank";

In paragraph (7), for the words "and to such Local Governments as there and to be substituted the words "the Federal Reserve Authority, Provincial Government, the Government of Burma, and the Burma Railway Board";

In paragraph (8), for the words "of the Government of India or of a Local Government" there shall be substituted the words "of the Central Government, a Provincial Government or the Government of Burma"; for

the words "in British India or of such States in India" there shall be substituted the words "or such Indian States"; for the words "the Government of India, a Local Government, or Local authorities or State in India" there shall be substituted the words "any such Government, authority, or State."

In paragraph (11), for the words "the Secretary of State in Council" there shall be substituted the words "the Secretary of State"; for the words "or any Local Government or local authority or State in India" there shall be substituted the words "or any Provincial Government or the Government of Burma, or any local authority or any Indian State."

In paragraph (14), after the words "from any person in India" there shall be inserted the words "or Burma"; after the words "a scheduled bank" there shall be inserted the words "or a Burma scheduled bank"; and after the words "from any person outside India" and the words "from persons in India" there shall be inserted the words "and Burma."

In paragraph (15), after the words "this Act" there shall be inserted the words "and the making and issue of Burma notes in accordance with the law of Burma."

In paragraph (16) after the words "under this Act" there shall be inserted the words "and the law of Burma."

Section thirty-five.

After the word "India" there shall be inserted the words "or Burma"; and for the words "or a provincial co-operative bank" there shall be substituted the words "a Burma scheduled bank, a provincial co-operative bank or a Burma co-operative bank."

Section thirty-six.

For the words "the Secretary of State in Council and the Governor-General in Council and such Local Governments as may have the custody and management of their own provincial revenues" there shall be substituted the words "the Secretary of State, the Central Government, the Provincial Governments."

Section thirty-seven.

For the words "such Local Governments as may have the custody and management of their own provincial revenues" and for the words "Local Governments" there shall be substituted the words "the Provincial Governments"; for the words "Local Government" wherever they occur, there shall be substituted the words "Provincial Government"; and for the words "or Local Governments" there shall be substituted the words "the Provincial Legislatures."

Section thirty-eight.

At the end the following subsection shall be added—

"(3) In this section, references to bank notes include references to Burma notes."

Section thirty-nine.

At the end of the section there shall be inserted the following subsection—

"(3) Fifty Burma notes shall be guaranteed by the Central Government."

Section forty-eight.

At the end the following subsection shall be added—

"(3) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section, other than the proviso therein, shall apply to Burma notes as they apply to bank notes, and refunds may be made as of grace in respect of Burma notes in accordance with the provisions made in that behalf by the law of Burma."

Section forty-nine.

After the word "note" there shall be inserted the words "or Burma note."

Section fifty.

After the words "by or under this Act" there shall be inserted the words "or by or under the law of Burma"; and for the word "is" there shall be substituted the words "the Central Government."

Section fifty-one.

In sub-section (2), after the words "in British India" there shall be inserted the words "or in Burma."

Section fifty-two.

At the end, there shall be inserted the following subsection—

"(4) In this section, references to bank notes include references to Burma notes."

Section fifty-three.

In sub-section (1), for the words "without his consent" there shall be substituted the words "without that Government's consent."

After section fifty-four.

There shall be inserted the following section—

41A.—(1) The Bank shall provide any person who makes a demand in that behalf with assistance between its office in Lushan and such office or offices in India as may be provided by the Central Bank, in such amounts, at such kind rate of exchange and subject only to such rules or rules of convenience as may be approved by the Central Government and the Government of Burma.

"Obligation to provide assistance between India and Burma."

Provided that so long as the Bank is bound under Part II of the India and Burma (Rupee Monetary Arrangements) Order, 1927, to take on demand India rupee coin in exchange for legal tender notes, the rate of exchange shall be par.

(2) Burma assets and liabilities at the bank or any scheduled bank shall be valued, for the purpose of this Act, at the rate of exchange as fixed or, at the rate may be, at par.

Section 43A.—

In sub-section (1), after the word "India" there shall be inserted the words "and Burma".

In sub-section (2), for paragraph (a) to (d) there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—

- (a) the amount of its demand and time liabilities, respectively, in India,
- (b) the amount of its demand and time liabilities, respectively, in Burma,
- (c) the total amount held in India in currency notes of the Government of India and bank notes,
- (d) the total amount held in India in Burma notes,
- (e) the total amount held in Burma in currency notes of the Government of India and bank notes,
- (f) the amount held in India in rupee coin and subsidiary coin, respectively,
- (g) the amount held in Burma in rupee coin, subsidiary coin and Burma coin, respectively,
- (h) the amount of advances made and of bills discounted in India, respectively,
- (i) the amount of advances made and of bills discounted in Burma, respectively, and
- (j) the balance held at the Bank.

Section 43B.—

At the end there shall be inserted the words "and from Burma scheduled banks under the corresponding provisions of the law of Burma".

Section 43C.—

In sub-section (1), for the words "in clause 51" there shall be substituted the words "in clause 51" and for the words "in its opinion" there shall be substituted the words "it is opinion".

After sub-section (2) there shall be inserted the following sub-sections—

- (3) In from the commencement of Part III of the Government of India Act, 1925, references in the said agreement to the Government of Central or Federal Government shall be construed as references to the Government of India or from law, and references to Government of Government shall be construed as references to the Government of India and the Federal Reserve Authority.

Section 43D.—

For the words "in clause 51" there shall be substituted the words "in clause 51".

Section 43E.—

In sub-section (1), for the words "by law" there shall be substituted the words "by that Government".

Section 43F.—

For the words "the form set out in the Table Schedule or in such other" there shall be substituted the word "such".

Section 43G.—

For the words "Local Governments" there shall be substituted the words "Provincial Governments, the Government of Burma" and after the word "such" there shall be inserted the words "in both places where these words occur" there shall be inserted the words "Banks co-operative banks".

Section 43H.—

In sub-section (1) for the words "in any clause" there shall be substituted the words "in any clause".

The First Schedule.

For the words "Burma, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Pondicherry, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands" there shall be substituted the words "Burma, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands".

The Second Schedule.

The following banks shall be inserted from the Schedule (without paragraph) at Upper Burma:

- (1) The City of India and Company, Aligarh.
- (2) The Government of India and Company, Aligarh.
- (3) The Government of India and Company, Aligarh.

The Third Schedule.

In paragraph two for the words "in its clause 51" there shall be substituted the words "as it clause 51".

The Fourth Schedule.

This schedule shall be carried.

to authorize the Commission of peace powers under the authority of the police under section 37 and to pass orders as to full offenders under section 42 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Graham McPhedran, J.C. Schabas, Prothonotary
Deputy Collector—Macao.

Port St. George, May 12, 1937.

No. 327.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933 (V of 1933), the Commission the Governor is hereby pleased to order that Mr. Thomas Joseph Connolly, an ordinary person of a magistrates of the law, shall and to direct that he shall act as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Macao in the district of Macao for the trial of the offences specified in Part I (1) to (5) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933, published at pages 1030 and 1031 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 27th August 1935, he is hereby appointed, and acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, May 12, 1937.

No. 328.—Under sub-section (7) of section 16 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933 (V of 1933), Mr. G. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, a magistrate of the law, is hereby appointed to act as Additional District Magistrate, Macao, with effect from the date of taking charge and to exercise on him all the powers of a District Magistrate.

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.

No. 329.—Under sub-section (1) of section 27 of the Provincial Prisons Act, 1928 (IV of 1928), the Governor is hereby pleased to appoint Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, to be the District Magistrate, Macao, with effect from the date of taking charge and to exercise on him all the powers of a District Magistrate.

No. 330.—Under sub-section (2) of section 91 of the Provincial Prisons Act, 1928 (IV of 1928), the Governor is hereby pleased to appoint Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, to be the District Magistrate, Macao, with effect from the date of taking charge and to exercise on him all the powers of a District Magistrate.

Port St. George, May 18, 1937.

(S.O. No. 26, 1937, Macao).

No. 331.—Under the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 1 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1933 (No. 1 of 1933), the Governor is hereby pleased to order that Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, shall and to direct that he shall act as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Macao in the district of Macao for the trial of the offences specified in Part I (1) to (5) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933, published at pages 1030 and 1031 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 27th August 1935, he is hereby appointed, and acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench.

On the 15th of May 1937, the Governor of the Port of Macao is hereby pleased to order that Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, shall and to direct that he shall act as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Macao in the district of Macao for the trial of the offences specified in Part I (1) to (5) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933, published at pages 1030 and 1031 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 27th August 1935, he is hereby appointed, and acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench.

Port St. George, May 15, 1937.

(S.O. No. 26, 1937, Macao).

No. 332.—Under section 4 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1933 (No. 1 of 1933), the Governor is hereby pleased to order that Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, shall and to direct that he shall act as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Macao in the district of Macao for the trial of the offences specified in Part I (1) to (5) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933, published at pages 1030 and 1031 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 27th August 1935, he is hereby appointed, and acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench.

No. 333.—Under section 4 of the Public Health Ordinance, 1933 (No. 1 of 1933), the Governor is hereby pleased to order that Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, shall and to direct that he shall act as a member of the Bench of Magistrates established at Macao in the district of Macao for the trial of the offences specified in Part I (1) to (5) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933, published at pages 1030 and 1031 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 27th August 1935, he is hereby appointed, and acting within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench.

No. 334.—In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (1) of sub-section (2) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933 (V of 1933), the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following special rules—

RULES.

1. The rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) shall be suspended temporarily by the provisions of the first column of the table below for the period specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof—

Part I.	Part II.	Part III.	Part IV.
Category 1— J.C. Schabas, Macao.	Sub-section 11.	Fill the period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).	The period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).
Category 2— Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, Macao.	Sub-section 12.	Fill the period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).	The period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).
Category 3— Mr. R. P. de Almeida, J.C. Schabas, Macao.	Sub-section 13.	Fill the period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).	The period commencing from the date of the suspension of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch) and ending on the date of the resumption of the rules of the Macao Civil Service (Judicial Branch).

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts under the law shall not apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

3. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts under the law shall not apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.

(S.O. No. 26, 1937, Macao).

No. 335.—In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (1) of sub-section (2) of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1933 (V of 1933), the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following special rules—

RULES.

1. The rules of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Judicial Branch) shall be suspended temporarily by the provisions of the first column of the table below for the period specified in the corresponding entry in the second column thereof—

2. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts under the law shall not apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

3. The general and special rules applicable to holders of permanent posts under the law shall not apply to the holders of the said temporary posts.

Port St. George, May 17, 1937.

(S.O. No. 26, 1937, Macao).

No. 336.—The following application of the Government of Macao is published—

GOVERNMENT OF MACAO.

No. 2, 27/12/36—Sub-section 12.

The following application of the Government of Macao is published—

1. To sub-section (2) of rule 2 of the said rules, for the words and brackets "Local official" read "Local official" (S.O. No. 26, 1937, Macao).

(D) If the landholder or landholders who are required to execute any works under sub-section (2) of clause (3) of sub-rule (1) refuse or fail within the time allowed, to execute such works, the officer placing the order may get the works executed himself in such manner as he may direct.

3. When the officer decides to have the works executed himself under sub-clause (ii) of clause (3) of sub-rule (1) of rule 2 or sub-rule (2) of that rule, he shall, as soon as the estimated cost between the various landholders in the several lots days in rule 2, be paid and require each landholder to deposit his share of the estimated cost within a time to be specified in this behalf. If any landholder fails to make the deposit within the time specified or makes such further time as may be allowed, the officer shall recover the same from the landholder as if it were an order of land revenue. The amount so deposited or recovered shall be used for meeting the cost of the work.

4. If the amount of the estimated cost deposited by or recovered from, the landholders is insufficient, a fund (hereinafter for the purpose of simplifying the works, the officer may require each of the landholders to deposit, within a specified time, his share, as ascertained under rule 3, of such further sum as may be necessary for such purpose. Failing such deposit, the officer shall recover the same as if it were an order of land revenue. Any amount deposited or recovered under this rule shall be retained by the officer for the purpose aforesaid.

5. If the amount deposited or recovered from any landholder exceeds his share of the actual cost of the works, as ascertained under rule 3, such excess shall be refunded to him.

6. The cost of carrying out the repairs to an irrigation work covering more than one estate shall be apportioned among the landholders concerned in the following manner:

- (a) where the repair ordered is to the head or to the stocks or siphon arrangements, the cost shall be apportioned in proportion to the extent of the estate under the irrigation work which is situated within the respective estates of the landholders; and
- (b) where the repair ordered is to drains or other distribution arrangements, the cost shall be apportioned in proportion to the extent of the estate in the respective estates of the landholders which will be benefited by the repair.

7. If two or more of the landholders execute the works at private cost, the part of the cost which shall be borne by each in such proportion as they may, by mutual agreement, decide.

8. If any landholder or landholders execute the repairs in accordance with sub-clause (ii) of clause (3) of sub-rule (1) of rule 2, the officer concerned may apportion the actual cost of the execution of such repairs among all the landholders concerned in the manner laid down in rule 6 and may require each of such landholders to have not participated in such execution, to pay his share of the cost within a specified time. Failing such payment the officer may recover the amount, as the officer of land revenue. All amounts paid or recovered under this rule shall be paid to the landholder or landholders who executed the works.

Part 26. Group, May 20, 1937.

No. 428.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 428 (ii) of clause (4) of section 17 of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to direct the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands required for providing, hereinafter for the Adichandras and Anandachandras of the Chudayapalem hamlet of the Huzur taluk in the 20th taluk, Kattak district—

S. No.	Description.
221-1, 2, 3, & 5 parts	Open dry.
221-4 parts	Do.

No. 429.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to direct the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands required for the formation of a bank and tow path for the Public Works Department, Pudukottai

taluk in S. Nos. 18-1 and 18-2 in the village of Bellipore in the Chudayapalem taluk of the Kattak district and the adjoining Government lands in the said village.

No. 430.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (ii) of clause (4) of section 17 of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to direct the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands required for providing, hereinafter for the Chudayapalem hamlet of the Chudayapalem taluk in the 20th taluk, Kattak district—

S. No.	Description.
241 parts	Open dry.

Part 26. Group, May 17, 1937.

No. 431.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (ii) of clause (4) of section 17 of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to direct the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands required for providing, hereinafter for the Adichandras and Anandachandras of the Chudayapalem hamlet of the Chudayapalem taluk in the 20th taluk, Kattak district—

S. No.	Description.
64 parts	Open dry.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Part 26. Group, May 10, 1937.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, His Excellency the Governor hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 10-1 of an acre, be the same in the name of the said land, is required for public purposes, to wit, for the purpose of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), and the said land, is situated in the village of Bellipore in the Chudayapalem taluk of the Kattak district and the adjoining Government lands in the said village.

S. No.	Description.	Area.
18-1, 2, 3, & 5 parts	Open dry.	10-1
18-4 parts	Do.	10-1

Part 26. Group, May 10, 1937.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, His Excellency the Governor hereby declares that the lands specified below and measuring 0-1 of an acre, be the same in the name of the said land, is required for public purposes, to wit, for the purpose of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), and the said land, is situated in the village of Bellipore in the Chudayapalem taluk of the Kattak district and the adjoining Government lands in the said village.

S. No.	Description.	Area.
18-1, 2, 3, & 5 parts	Open dry.	10-1
18-4 parts	Do.	10-1

No. 432.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Madras Survey and Revenue Act, 1923 (Madras Act VIII of 1923), His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to direct the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands required for the formation of a bank and tow path for the Public Works Department, Pudukottai

taluk in S. Nos. 18-1 and 18-2 in the village of Bellipore in the Chudayapalem taluk of the Kattak district and the adjoining Government lands in the said village.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, May 15, 1937.
G.O. No. No 572, Electricity.

No. 572—

In pursuance of the powers conferred by section 15 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (as amended), the Government are pleased to order on the Pudukkottai-Perambalur Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, the license value for Telegraphic Communication Lines, under the License No. 100, for laying high tension electric transmission lines from Kalligudi to Marappan, Kalligudi, Chappur, Vairamudi, and Ammavari, along the route marked on red dotted line as plus No. Y-2, 2-25 submitted with the license holder No. 100, dated 20th January 1937, excluding the portions of the route lying within the Pudukkottai State shown in the plan between points X to Y-1 and Y to Y-1, the powers which the Telegraph authority possesses under sections 15 to 18 and 18-A of the Indian Telegraph Act (XIII) of 1905 with respect to the placing of telegraph lines and wires for the purpose of a telegraph established or maintained by Government or as to be established or maintained. The powers of the power line authority conferred is subject to the provisions of the said Indian Telegraph Act and also to the following further conditions:—

(1) The transmission line shall be run as far as possible in a straight line along the route marked on the plan.

(2) The telegraph and telephone lines, if any, crossing the power line shall be efficiently protected to the satisfaction of the telegraph authority and the Chief Engineer for Electricity and all such crossings shall be at right angles or as nearly as right angles as possible.

(3) In all cases where the telegraph and telephone lines are directed or altered at the request of the licensee the cost of such diversion or alteration shall be borne by them.

(4) No disturbance shall be effected from the transmission line.

Port St. George, May 15, 1937.

No. 573—

An application has been made to Government by the Kumbakonam Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, the licensee under the Kumbakonam Electric License, 1930, for the grant of them of the powers of the Telegraph authority for laying a 11 K.V. high tension electric transmission line from Tiruvadi to the crossing of the road leading to Vengaludi village along the route shown in white shown on the map bearing No. R.R. 7/37, dated 20th January 1937, submitted with their letter No. R/246, dated 27th March 1937. The route is a diversion from the route originally approved by Government and notified to page 1105 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 11th August 1935. It is proposed to consider upon the application, as far as the altered route is concerned. The powers which the Telegraph authority possesses under sections 15 to 18 and 18-A of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1905, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The line shall be run as far as possible in a straight line along the route marked on the map.

(2) The telegraph and telephone lines, if any, crossing the power line shall be efficiently protected to the satisfaction of the Telegraph authority and the Chief Engineer for Electricity and all such crossings shall be at right angles or as nearly as right angles as possible.

(3) In all cases where the telegraph and telephone lines are directed or altered at the request of the licensee the cost of such diversion or alteration shall be borne by them.

(4) No disturbance shall be effected from the transmission line.

3 Every local authority, manager or person in charge of making any representation in respect of the application may do so as before addressed to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Port St. George, or as before, within one month of the date of this notification in the Gazette. A map showing route of the proposed line will be sent for public inspection in the Government office at Madras and Kumbakonam, and in the office of the District Officer, Tiruvadi, Chappur, Madurai, and the West Pongore District Board.

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Port St. George, May 15, 1937.

Under section 5 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the land specified below and comprising 0-67 of an acre, be the same or a portion more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for 10111a, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Colimbari district, Madurai taluk, Madurai village.

10111a	10111a, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111b	10111b, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111c	10111c, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111d	10111d, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111e	10111e, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111f	10111f, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111g	10111g, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111h	10111h, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111i	10111i, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111j	10111j, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111k	10111k, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111l	10111l, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111m	10111m, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111n	10111n, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111o	10111o, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111p	10111p, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111q	10111q, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111r	10111r, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111s	10111s, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111t	10111t, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111u	10111u, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111v	10111v, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111w	10111w, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111x	10111x, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111y	10111y, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.
10111z	10111z, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

W. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

(Erigation.)

MADURAI.

Port St. George, May 15, 1937.

In the notification dated 20th November 1936, published in the Gazette of the Port St. George, dated 20th November 1936, as page 1709 of Part I of 1936, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1935, in respect of the lands proposed to be acquired for Irrigation, Madurai taluk of Madurai district:—

Under 10111a, 11 V. Madurai Road Translocation Line Construction; and, under sections 1 and 2 of the same Act, the Executive Engineer hereby declares that the possession of the land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Executive Engineer, Madurai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1924, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1935, in respect of the lands to be acquired for the irrigation of a parcel of land known as the Pudukkottai taluk, in Pudukkottai taluk, Madurai district, published as page 1011 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th April 1937, in respect of the following agency shown in the plan of the notification:—

Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Government or Council further declare that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1924, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1935, in respect of the lands to be acquired for the irrigation of a parcel of land known as the Pudukkottai taluk, in Pudukkottai taluk, Madurai district, published as page 1011 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th April 1937, in respect of the following agency shown in the plan of the notification:—

Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Government or Council further declare that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 5 (1) of the Act.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1924, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1935, in respect of the lands to be acquired for the irrigation of a parcel of land known as the Pudukkottai taluk, in Pudukkottai taluk, Madurai district, published as page 1011 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated 15th April 1937, in respect of the following agency shown in the plan of the notification:—



SUPPLEMENT TO PART I

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 23]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1937.

[PART, 6 p.m.]

NOTICES.

RETURNS OF ELECTION EXPENSES.
MADRAS LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NOTICE BY THE CHAIRMAN OF COMMERCE CONSTITUENCY.
C. Abdul Halim Sahib Bahadur who was a candidate for this constituency has lodged in my office on 24th April 1937 his return of election expenses with the necessary declaration. It may be inspected in my office in the Old High Court Building, Madras, between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any working day for a period of fourteen days from the publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee only.

F. W. STEWART,
Collector and Returning Officer.

Madras, 24th May 1937.

MADRAS CITY NORTH CENTRAL GENERAL CONSTITUENCY.

Under rule 105 (2) of the rules for the conduct of elections for the members of the Madras Legislative Assembly, it is hereby notified for general information that Mr. Muhammad Wajid Sahib of Dharmapuri who stood as a candidate for the Madras City North Central General Constituency has lodged in my office his return of election expenses with the necessary declaration by himself and his election agent on the 24th of April 1937. It may be inspected in my office during office hours for a period of fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee only.

R. V. RAMAIAHURT,
Returning Officer and Collector.
Madras, 24th May 1937.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

NOTICE BY THE CHAIRMAN OF COMMERCE CONSTITUENCY.
Under rule 105 (2) of the Assembly Rules, it is hereby notified for the information of the public that M.R. By. S. C. Venkataswamy Chinnappa Aiyangar who has been duly elected for the Salem General (Rural) Constituency of the Madras Legislative Assembly has lodged in this office his return of expenses on 24th April 1937. It may be inspected in my office during office hours for a period of fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee only.

It is hereby notified for information that M.R. By. Rao Bahadur Subedar-Major S. A. Nageswami Bahadur, a candidate, who resided, but without contest, in the Madras Provincial Assembly by the Salem General (Rural) constituency, has lodged in this office his return of expenses on 24th April 1937. It may be inspected in my office during office hours for a period of fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee only.

E. D. PHILLIPS,
Revenue Division Officer and Returning Officer.
Salem, 24th May 1937.

MADRAS CITY NORTH CENTRAL GENERAL CONSTITUENCY.
It is hereby notified that M.R. By. L. Ramaswami Aiyangar, one of the candidates at the election for the Madras City North Central General Constituency, has lodged the return of election expenses with the declaration made in respect thereof on 24th April 1937 in the form given in Schedule IV and that any person who copies the said return and declaration on payment of a fee of Rs. 1 at the Office of the Commissioner, Corporation of Madras, Simon Building, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any day other than a public holiday, for fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette.

P. SUBBAYYA,
Returning Officer and Commissioner,
Corporation of Madras.
Madras, 24th May 1937.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.
MADRAS URBAN CONSTITUENCIES.

M.R. By. Edwin Perumpanathan Aiyangar who was a candidate for this constituency has lodged in my office on 24th March 1937 his return of election expenses with the necessary declaration. It may be inspected in my office in the Old High Court Building, Madras, between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any working day for a period of fourteen days from the publication of this notice in the Fort St. George Gazette on payment of the prescribed fee of one rupee only.

F. W. STEWART,
Collector and Returning Officer.
Madras, 24th May 1937.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 24]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 23, 1937.

[Price, 3 annas.

Part I-A.—Local Self-Government and Public Health

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LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, May 19, 1937.

No. 619.—M.R.D. T. D. Ramaswami Ayyar Accepted, as notice from him, to be District Board Engineer, Salem.

No. 620.—Under rule 4 (a) (i) of the general rules relating to the provincial services, the Government are pleased to appoint M.R.D. G. D. Sankaran, Local Fund Assistant Engineer, Rajahmundry, to act temporarily as District Board Engineer, Rajahmundry, for a further period not exceeding one month from 15th May 1937.

No. 621.—Under rule 4 (a) (i) of the general rules relating to the provincial services, the Government are pleased to appoint M.R.D. N. Sankaranam Nambiyar Ayyar and M.R.D. M. D. Sankaran Ayyar to act temporarily as District Board Engineer, South Arcot, and District Board Engineer, Chidambaram, respectively, for further periods as shown below:—

M.R.D. N. Sankaranam, Bangalore Ayyar—For one month from 15th May 1937.
M.R.D. M. D. Sankaran Ayyar—For one month from 15th May 1937.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, April 2, 1937.

(S.O. No. 2797-A, L.S.G.)

No. 618.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 and clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 195 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act

XIV of 1920), the Executive Engineer of Madras is hereby pleased to make the following rule relating to the appointment of Assistant Engineers under district boards:—

RULE.

Every permanent vacancy arising in the post of Assistant Engineer in the first grade shall immediately be reported by the president, district board, to the Governor and shall not be filled by the president without the special order of the Governor.

Fort St. George, May 19, 1937.

(S.O. No. 1074, L.S.G.)

No. 622.—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 195 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), the Provincial Government are pleased to make the following amendments to the rules regarding audit, accounts and disbursements relating to Local Self-Government Departments Notification No. 115, dated the 15th September 1935 at page 415 of Part I.A. of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 15th September 1935, as subsequently amended:—

AMENDMENTS.

To rule VI of the said rules, the following paragraph shall be added, namely:—

"Where an application is made in the most order shown (b), the auditor shall be the sole respondent thereto, and the applicant shall not be entitled to make any appeal to the Provincial Government or any other person or party to the proceedings."

Fort St. George, May 15, 1937
(502 No. 66, 1941, L.S.O.)

No. 417.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (3) of sub-section (5) of section 47 A of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1920 (Madras Act II of 1920), the Provincial Government are hereby pleased to declare that the Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple Kandaswami temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.

Fort St. George, May 15, 1937
(503 No. 66, 1941, L.S.O.)

No. 428.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (3) of sub-section (5) of section 47 A of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1920 (Madras Act II of 1920), the Provincial Government are hereby pleased to declare that the Sri Kandaswami temple in the Kandaswami temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.

T. H. RUSSELL,
Secretary to Government

Fort St. George, May 15, 1937.

No. 428.—Application of the Venukavoyan temple to the Local Authorities under the Local Authorities Law Act, 1914—

1. Temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
2. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.
3. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
4. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.
5. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
6. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.
7. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
8. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.
9. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
10. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.
11. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-B of the said Act.
12. The temple of Sri Kandaswami Venukavoyan temple, Pappal taluk, Madurai district, shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter VII-A of the said Act.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL FOR FOUR YEARS
ENDING WITH YEAR 1935-1936.

Table I.—Amount of Receipts and Expenditure of the General and Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.

Receipts	A. General Account.										B. Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.			
	General Account.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.		Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.	
	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total receipts:														
A. 1935-1936	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
B. 1936-1937	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
C. 1937-1938	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
D. 1938-1939	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
Total receipts	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00
Total expenditure:														
A. 1935-1936	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
B. 1936-1937	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
C. 1937-1938	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
D. 1938-1939	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00	10,000	00
Total expenditure	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00	40,000	00

* In accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Councils Act, 1914.

SCHEDULE.		Number of members of the parishal board.
Revenue Village.	Head of the Village.	
20	21	22
CHENNAI DISTRICT.		
PARAIYATHUR.		
Maduravalli	Maduravalli	10
Madras, 19th April 1937.		
THIRUVAIR KARRI.		
Aruppu Kudi and Thiruvair Karri	Aruppu Kudi	8
Madras, 19th April 1937.		
SOUTH ARCADE DISTRICT.		
CHANNARAYAN TALUK.		
Pranava	Pranava	8
Madras, 19th May 1937.		
WEST ARCADE DISTRICT.		
CHANNARAYAN TALUK.		
Maduravalli	Maduravalli	8
Madras, 19th May 1937.		
THIRUVAIR KARRI.		
Aruppu Kudi	Aruppu Kudi	11
Madras, 19th April 1937.		
CHENNAI DISTRICT.		
CHENNAI TALUK.		
Chennai	Chennai	14
Madras, 19th May 1937.		

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) stands under section 8 (2) (a) of the Act that the notification S.O. No. 1170/36, dated 19th June 1936, containing the General Parishal Board in British India of the Madras district;

(2) declares under section 8 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(3) declares—

(a) under section 18 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(b) under section 8 (2) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule.

SCHEDULE.		Number of members of the parishal board.
Revenue Village.	Head of the Village.	
20	21	22
VIJAYAPUTNAM DISTRICT.		
Chennai	Chennai	11
Madras, 19th May 1937.		

Whereas in the exercise of the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards, the administration of the Madras district Parishal Board in the Madras district of the Madras district (hereinafter referred to as the Parishal Board) has been continued under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and in exercise of the powers conferred under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

General and Local Boards, to be continued under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) declares under section 8 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(2) declares—

(a) under section 18 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(b) under section 8 (2) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule.

SCHEDULE.		Number of members of the parishal board.
Revenue Village.	Head of the Village.	
20	21	22
MADRAS DISTRICT.		
CHENNAI TALUK.		
Chennai	Chennai	11
Madras, 19th May 1937.		

In exercise of the powers delegated to him by the Local Government under section 213 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards hereby—

(1) stands under section 8 (2) (a) of the Act that the notification S.O. No. 1170/36, dated 19th June 1936, containing the General Parishal Board in British India of the Madras district;

(2) declares under section 8 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(3) declares—

(a) under section 18 (1) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule; and

(b) under section 8 (2) of the Act that the total number of members of the parishal board shall be as specified in column (2) of the said schedule.

(1) The President had not paid any attention to the proper maintenance of the Municipal Council, and had neglected the duties of the Council.

(2) The members of the Council had not been properly elected.

(3) The President had not called for any funds for the maintenance of the Council.

(4) The President had not called for any funds for the maintenance of the Council.

(5) The President had not called for any funds for the maintenance of the Council.

(6) The President had not called for any funds for the maintenance of the Council.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

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No. 21

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1937.

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Part I-B-Educational

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RECEIVED BY

List of teachers' certificates completed during 1936-37.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Part St. George, May 18, 1937.

No. 227.—MR. P. P. Subramanian Aiyar, M.B.A., Teacher in Government, leave on account pay with medical certificate for two months from the 15th April 1937.

Part St. George, May 18, 1937.

No. 228.—Jawahar Lal Nehru, M.B.A., Teacher, Government Educational Office, Madras, leave on account pay with medical certificate for one month from the 15th May 1937 to date of return.

APPOINTMENT.

Part St. George, May 18, 1937.

(With effect from 2nd July 1937.)

No. 229.—MR. E. T. Rajagopal, Assistant Lecturer, Queen Mary's College, Madras, to be an Assistant in Physics in the Madras Educational Service in the same College.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Part St. George, May 18, 1937.

No. 230.—Under section 2 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, Raj. G. Chinnappa, Rayachoti Subordinate District Magistrate (Deputy) of Rayachoti has been elected by the District Educational Council, Rayachoti, to be its President.

Part St. George, May 18, 1937.

No. 231.—Under section 14 (a), clause III (1) of the Madras University Act (Madras Act VII of 1920), the University of Madras is pleased to appoint MR. P. P. Subramanian Aiyar, M.B.A., Professor of English, Mahalingam College, Erode, as a member of the Senate of the University.

Part St. George, May 20, 1937
(G.O. No. 105, Educational).

No. 212.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (1) of sub-section (3) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the special rules published with Notification (Education and Public Health Department) No. 267, dated 1st September 1935, at page 157 of Part I-B of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 24th September 1935:—

AMENDMENT.

In the said rule for the words and figures "as the 27th March 1937" the words and figures "as the 4th April 1937" shall be substituted.

No. 232.

In exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph (1) of sub-section (3) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, His Excellency the Governor is hereby pleased to make the following amendment to the special rules published with Notification (Education and Public Health Department) No. 267, dated 1st September 1935, at page 157 of Part I-B of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 24th September 1935:—

AMENDMENT.

To rule 1 of the said rules for the words and figures "as the 27th March 1937" the words and figures "as the 4th April 1937" shall be substituted.

Part St. George, May 20, 1937
(G.O. No. 105, Educational).

No. 233.

CODE OF REGULATIONS FOR EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

In Table paragraph 10 of article 51, article 101, 24, 137 and 205, (see also in article 118 and appendix 45, 18 and 20).

6. The B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination (Hons) in all branches (Mathematics, Philosophy—written, History, Economics, Two Languages other than English, English Language and Literature—Written and Standard Language and Literature) will be held at—

Madras
Examinations (Hons.)
Candidates.

Triplicane,
Examinations.
Candidates.

The viva voce Examination in Branches II and VI in Philosophy and in English Language and Literature of the B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination will be held at Madras only.

7. The M.A. Degree Examination will be held at—

Madras
Examinations (Hons.)
Candidates.

Triplicane,
Examinations.
Candidates.

8. The B.Sc. Degree Examination (Part I and Part II) (written) will be held at Madras, Coimbatore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Tanjavore and Trichinopoly.

9. The L.T. Degree Examination will be held at Madras for women candidates only. Bachelors and Bachelors in April and at Madras and Triplicane in September.

10. The F.E. and B.L. Degree Examinations will be held at Madras and Triplicane.

11. The B.L. Degree Examination will be held at Madras only.

12. The Examinations for Degrees in Medicine (both written and practical) and the Examinations for the Diploma in Medicine, Madras, European Language (French and German), Indian Music, Geography and Certificate in Librarianship will be held at Madras only.

13. The B.Sc. Degree Examination in Agriculture (both written and practical) will be held at the Agricultural College, Coimbatore.

14. The F.E. and B.L. Degree Examinations (both written and practical) will be held at the College of Engineering, Guindy.

15. The B.V.Sc. Degree Examination (both written and practical) will be held at Madras only.

16. The General Examinations will be held at the following places—

Madras.
Examinations.
Candidates.
Examinations (Hons.)
Candidates.

Madras.
Examinations.
Candidates.
Examinations.
Candidates.

Practical Examinations.

The Practical Examinations for B.Sc. (Honours) Degree Examination (Hons. and Subsidiary) will be held at Madras only.

The written of Practical Examinations for B.A. and B.Sc. Degree Examinations (for March and September) will be held at Madras.

(By order)

W. MURRAY,
Registrar.

University Buildings, Chavak,
Madras, 25th May 1937.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The Students at the meeting held on 24th October 1936 decided the Ordinances providing for alteration of date of birth in the University Records on production by a candidate a declaration of correct date of birth from a competent Court of Justice and adopted a fresh Ordinance as given hereunder which came into force from 1st November 1936.—

A candidate applying for admission to the Matriculation examination for the first time shall furnish as his date of birth, the date as entered in his S.S.L.C. Register.

Candidates for whom S.S.L.C. Register has not been maintained, the date as entered in the school register at the time when he last studied in the highest class of the secondary department shall be furnished.

A candidate permitted to apply for admission to the Matriculation examination without having studied in any recognised institution shall at the time of the last appearance for the Matriculation examination furnish the exact date of birth.

A candidate applying to be matriculated without appearing for the Matriculation examination of the University shall furnish the date of birth as given in his S.S.L.C. Register or as registered by the authority which presented the examination which in his past has been considered equivalent to the Matriculation examination of the Andhra University.

Candidates who apply for post intermediate examination after passing an examination recognised as equivalent to the Intermediate or a corresponding examination of the Andhra University, shall be called upon to furnish the date of birth as given by them in the duly recognised examination at the time they applied for admission to the examination.

No entry ever made shall not be altered, so far as University purposes are concerned, and will have to be repeated at subsequent examinations.

In accordance with the above Ordinances, applications from candidates for alteration of date of birth in the University Records are not entertained.

University Office, Waltair,
25th May 1937.

At a meeting held on the 15th March 1937 the Andhra General adapted the following Regulations and amendments to the Regulations in the Andhra University Code, Volume II (1936-37) —

I

In Chapter XXXI (M.B.S. Degree Examination) of the University Code, Vol. II, page 245, Section II, line 7 of sub-part 2, insert the words "B.A. or" between the words "passed the" and "B.Sc. degree."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

II

In Section 6 of Chapter XXXIII, Rec 8 on page 247, Vol. II of the Code (1936-37) for the words "a candidate shall not" insert the words "No person shall."

In the same page, amend the fullstop occurring in line 11 into a comma, and add thereafter "or, in the alternative, permit the examination of this University immediately below the examination for which exemption is sought."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

III

In Chapter XXXVIII of the University Code, Vol. II (1936-37), in pages 245, 246 and 247, sub-para 2 of Section II, for "Madras Bachelors" substitute the latter words.

In Chapter XIV (Prescribed), page 328, against Thirtieth day substitute "British History," and "Modern History."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

IV

In Chapter XXXIX of the Code, Vol. II (1930-36), Section 5, page 261, insert the following note after line 18.—

"Note.—The student shall have an acquaintance with the Constitutional History of the countries up to 1918, but shall not be required to make a special study of this subject."

(To come into effect as from the B.A. Degree examination of 1935.)

V

In Chapter XL (B.A. Hon. Degree Examination) of the University Code, Vol. II (1930-36), in page 261, line 18, add the words "from 1700 A.D." after the words "Modern Economic History."

(To come into effect as from the B.A. (Hons.) Degree examination of 1940.)

VI

1. In Chapter XL (B.A. Hon. Degree Examination), Section 4, page 261 of Code, Vol. II (1930-36) XL, insert the following at the end:—

Candidates who have passed in French or German under Part II in the Intermediate Examination shall not be required to undergo the course in French or German prescribed for the Honours Degree Examination or to sit in the examination in either language.

2. In Chapter XLIV (B.Sc. Hon. Degree examination), Section 3, page 265, add at the end:—

Candidates who have passed in French or German under Part II in the Intermediate Examination shall not be required to undergo the course or sit in the examination prescribed for Part I-94.

(To come into effect forthwith.)

VII

1. In Chapter XLV (B. Com. Pass Degree Examination) of the University Code, Vol. II (1930-36), Section 5, delete the lines from "candidates who" occurring in line 1 on page 264 to the end of the page.

2. In the same chapter, page 265, add the following at the end of Section 7:—

Treasury Regulation

For the benefit of candidates who failed in Part I-94 English and Commercial Correspondence and Pen-writing in the B. Com. (Pass) Degree examination held in 1936 or earlier, an examination in Part I-94 under the regulations in force up to and including the examination of 1936 will be held in March and September 1937 under the then regulations. Similarly for the benefit of candidates who fail in Part II of the B. Com. (Hons) Degree examination in 1937 or earlier, an examination in that part under the regulations in force up to and including the examination of 1937 will be held in March and September 1938 under old regulations. The regulations for Part I-94 examination of 1937 and Part II examination of 1936 shall be the same as those prescribed for 1936 and 1937 examinations respectively.

3. In Chapter XLVI (B. Com. Hon. Degree Examination) of the same volume, Section 5, page 270, delete the lines from "All other graduates" occurring in line 5 to the end of the page.

4. In the same chapter, page 265, add the following treasury regulations at the end of Section 12:—

Treasury Regulation

For the benefit of candidates who failed in Part I-94 English at the B. Com. (Hons.), Degree examination held in 1935 or earlier an examination in Part I-94 under the regulations in force up to and including the examination of 1936 will be held in March and September 1937 under the then regulations. Similarly for the benefit of candidates who fail in Part II of the B. Com. (Hons) Final examination in 1936 who are eligible to appear another time, the B. Com. (Hons) Final examination in Part II under the regulations in force up to and including the examination of 1936 will be held in March-April of 1937 under the old regulations. The two books and syllabus

for Part I (a) examination of 1937 and Part II Final examination of 1937 shall be the same as those provided for the examinations of 1936 and 1935 respectively.

(To come into effect forthwith.)

VIII

1. In Chapter XLII (D. Com. Pass Degree Examination), Section 5, page 324, Code, Vol. II, insert the following in the end:—

"Candidates who have passed in Hindi under Part II in the Intermediate examination shall not be required to undergo the course in Hindi provided for the examination at or past in the examination under Part I-2."

2. In Chapter XLII (D. Com. Pass Degree Examination), Section 5, page 325, Volume II, add the following at the end:—

"Candidates who have passed Hindi under Part II in the Intermediate examination shall not be required to undergo the course in Hindi provided for the examination at or past in the examination under Part I-2."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

IX

1. In Chapter XLIX, Vol. II, of the University Code (page 422), delete Section 25 and renumber the subsequent section 25 as 26 et seq.

(To come into effect forthwith.)

X

(A) Substitute the following syllabus provided for B. Com. Pass Degree examination for what stands on 521 and 522 of the University Code, Vol. II (1936-37 Ed.).

Part II (a) General subjects.

1. Economics—General principles of Economic Theory, particularly regarding Production, Consumption, Value, Distribution, Money and Banking and International Trade, with special reference to India.

Production.—What is production? Agents of production, viz., Land, Labour, Capital and Organisation. The Law of prices; the supply of labour and theories of population; the classification and functions of Capital; Business Organisation and forms of Industrial Organisation.

Consumption.—What is Consumption? Necessaries and luxuries, Wants, Utility and law of diminishing utility, Demand and Elasticity of Demand, Law of Demand, Principles of substitution, Division of consumer's inclination and Consumer's surplus.

Value.—Fundamental ideas. How value is determined, Market value and Normal value, Value and the laws of return, theories of value, Joint and separate Demand, Joint and separate Supply, Value under Monopoly, Speculation, Mercants.

Distribution.—The nature of Distribution, Rent and Theories of Rent, interest and theories of interest, Wages and theories of Wages, and Profit and theories of Profit.

Money and Banking.—The nature and functions of money, The value of money, Quantity theory, Monetary standards, Credit and types of credit institutions, How credit is created, the role of Banking, Functions and principles of Commercial Banking, Importance of Bank Reserve, Clearing House, Central Banks and Note issue, Bank Rate and its influence on the Money Market, Bank of England, Imperial Bank of India and the Reserve Bank, and a study of the London Money Market and the Indian Money Market.

International Trade.—Theory of International Trade, Law of comparative costs, Gain from International Trade, Protection versus Free Trade, Elements of Foreign Exchange, Trade cycles and stages thereof, Theories of Trade cycle, World Trade Depression and remedies thereof, including Problems of stabilisation.

2. Law and Practice of Banking.—The legal relationship between banker and customer. Current accounts, Special accounts, Trust accounts, Loans, Deposits and cash credits. The Pass Book, Power of the state of Customer's account. Cheques and discounting assignments to discount. Payment and collection of cheques. Presentment of cheques by holder. Forged cheques. Securities for advances on general, Pledge and mortgages of movable instruments, stocks and shares, Commercial credits. Realisation of securities. Banker's guarantees. Mercantile securities, viz., Bonds and Billings, Life Policies, Bank Notes and Shares. Subsidiary accounts of Banks and the law relating thereto.

3. Banking Organisation.—The nature and constitution of Indian Banks.—The sole Banker, Partnerships, Joint Stock Companies, Trusts, Co-ops, Holding Companies, Mercantile Organisations, Co-operative Institutions, Co-partnership, Public-ownership, Nationalisation and Guild Societies.

The financing of business.—Nature of assets, Intermixed, Fixed and working Capital, investment and the division of risk bearing. Types of investment, Competitive Demand for savings and functions of the role of various financial institutions, their types, functions and relation to various business. The provision of different classes of interest. Financial position of depression and depression—downward and upward—Supply of short-term capital—Bank advances, Bills of Exchange and Documentary Credits.

Control of Responsibility.—After transfer and scientific management—Internal relation of staff under the various forms, the machinery for taking decisions (having different views and interests) and the resolution, training, Remuneration and retirement of personnel. The organization for dealing Junior executives in various Manages and Administrators. The machinery of Corporation of firms within groups, particularly that for dealing holding companies and their subsidiaries and other firms working together.

The external relation of firms and groups of firms with the outside world.—Particularly trade associations, professional associations, trade bodies, Government Departments and Commissions.

Cost and marketing policy, Investment policy, the employment, business and withdrawal of Capital from firms of production in relation to costs and profits. Location, use and specialization of plants determined by various, raw materials, labour supply, transport, etc. The location of branch factories and warehouses, plants and the situation of open office is a great feature. The problem of loss of factory premises. Organization and policy in the carrying of stocks and warehousing. Buying, storing and issuing materials, and the timing of manufacturing processes. Organization and policy in decreasing manufacturing processes. Planning and making. Firm Policy. Focus of pricing, marketing, lending, open prices, determination between market prices, adjustment to demand and supply fluctuations. Policy. Price changes and discounts. Selling policy, including forms of selling organizations and relation with competition and customers. Marketing problems of distribution. Wholesale businesses. Organized and unorganized wholesale markets. Speculation and trading in futures. Midging operations. Internal relations relating to departmental organization, Merchandise control, buying and selling method, selection, financing, payment and control of "Sales force". Sales method, sales planning and budgeting. Relative of the sales department with other departments. Retail business. Types of retailers' demand. Organization of retail distribution. Department stores. Specialty stores. Cash stores. Retail Competitive Stores. Buying policies, stock control and selling policies. Cooperative systems retailers. Investment Trading and Direct purchase.

Methods of Recruitment.—Degree of specialization and education in relation to labour supply. Wage system. Industrial efficiency.

Market advertisement.—Functions of specialist advertising firms, different forms of advertising and relation to type of goods sold. Trade marks and brands.

4. Book-keeping and Accounts.—Principles of Double entry. Keeping of subsidiary books, posting to ledger, preparing Trial Balance, Trading and Profit and Loss Accounts and Balance Sheet of sole traders, Partnerships and Joint Stock Companies. Role of Exchange, Promissory Notes and Cheques. Accounts current and Average Due date. Depreciation, Reserve and Sinking Funds, Capital and Revenue, Dividend and payments to owners and Partnerships. Accounts, Consolidated Accounts, Joint venture. Partnership accounts. Company accounts, including Shareholders, Amalgamation and Absorption, Single Entry Book-keeping and conversion to Double Entry. Depreciation and Stock accounts. Hire purchase accounts, Hire purchase accounts. Self-insuring Lodges.

5. Mobility and Industrial Law.—Contract (Sections 1 to 181 of the Contract Act, Assent, Sale of Goods, Partnership, Negotiable Instruments, Company Law, Industrial Regulations Act. Elements of law relating to Life Assurance and Financial Insurance. Elements of industrial legislation, particularly regarding Patents, Workers's compensation and Trade Union.

6. Commercial Geography.—The present situation to stand (Page 330 of the Code).

7. General Commercial Knowledge and Commercial Arithmetic.

(1) (i) GENERAL COMMERCIAL KNOWLEDGE.

(ii) Office records including filing, indexing and the use of mechanical devices.

(iii) Importing and Exporting.

(iv) Customs and excise.

(v) Port Trust Authority.

(vi) Chamber of Commerce.

(vii) Board of Trade.

(viii) Elements of Insurance: Life, Fire and Marine.

(ix) Arbitration.

(x) Goods Act.

(xi) Stock exchanges.

- (iii) Elements of money, exchange and banking with special reference to India.
- (iv) Elements of public finance and taxation with special reference to India.

(7) (4) COMMERCE AND ACCOUNTS

- (i) Short methods in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.
- (ii) Ratios, including approximation.
- (iii) Denomination and de-denomination of money.
- (iv) Calculations of interest, practice, simple and compound.
- (v) Bills and promissory notes.
- (vi) Averages and percentages including—commission, brokerage, premium, cash discount, calculation of selling price, gross cost price and percentage of gain or cost price.
- (vii) Stocks, measures and financial statutory systems.
- (viii) Loans and money—paid calculations.
- (ix) Square root and applications at square root.
- (x) Simple interest including short methods—Bankers' Interest—Foreign.

Part II (B) Special subjects.

- 1. Advanced Arithmetic and Algebra—(a) General Arithmetical as in Book-keeping and Accounts without CASH and Accounts of different commercial establishments and Public utility companies, American Accounts, Bank Accounts, Book-keeping Accounts, Outlets of Cost Accounts and Elementary Accounts.

(b) The present syllabus to stand (Page 230 of the Code).

- 2. Advanced Banking and Currency—(a) Book-keeping—(i) General principles, cheque system, Development of Branch Banking, Clearing House, Banking Investments, Short term Fund, Regulation of Note issue, Reserve and Discount Rates, Central Banking, Financial and Commercial Banks, Modern Banking.

A short account of different kinds of Banks in Great Britain, France, Germany, U.S.A. and Japan.

- (b) History and organization of Banking in India. The Imperial Bank, its constitution and objectives, with the Government and the other banks. The Exchange Banks and their place in the Indian credit system. Joint Stock Banks, Indigenous banks, co-operatives, etc., etc. Their place in the Money Market. Reserve Bank and its functions.

The Development of credit institutions in India—Provincial and District Banks, Finance and Credit societies and Land Mortgage Banks.

A short account of different kinds of Banks existing in India, viz., Savings Banks, Industrial Banks, Labour Banks, etc.

- (c) Comparison between the systems of Banking in India and the leading countries of the world.

(d) Currency—(i) General principles and economic significance of Money, Money and its functions, Qualities of good money, Origin and Evolution of Money, coinage and Government, India, Pakistan and Ceylon, Laws in England, France, Germany, Japan, U.S.A. and India. Currency Determination, causes thereof and remedies thereof. Government's role. Principles of Indian coinage. Legal Tender and various systems thereof prevailing in the leading countries of the world. Monetary Standards, Paper Money, National Coinage, Federal Standards. The purchasing power of money and the Quantity Theory, Price variations and effect thereof. Inflation, Deflation and deflation, The problem of stabilization of prices. Monetary Reform. The Gold Standard, its breakdown and its failure. Various proposals for an international monetary standard. The world crisis, its explanation and remedies thereof.

(ii) Indian Currency Problems—Early history of demonetization of gold. Fall in the value of Silver. Marshall Committee and closure of the Mints to Coinage of Silver on private account. Fisher Committee and its recommendations. India and the Gold Mint. The Gold Standard Reserve, its expansion and contraction. Chamberlain Committee and its recommendations. Currency during the war and after. Henderson-Borah Committee and its Report. Failure of the attempt to value the Rupee at 5 sh. Hilton-Young Committee and Gold Standard. Rejection of the Standard. India. History of currency since 1914. Effects of war on the Rupee. Changes proposed by the Henderson-Borah Committee. Proposal to transfer Mofussil to a new institution. The Reserve Bank and its role as Currency.

(e) Foreign Exchange—What is Foreign Exchange? Importance of Foreign Exchange in commerce and industry. Need for an Exchange Gold Pool. Fluctuations in Exchange, causes and effects thereof. Rates of exchange—long and short rates and Spot rates. Silver and Paper exchange. The purchasing power Parity Theory. Forward Exchange, Problems of stabilization of Exchange. Terminology of Exchange and how to read a Foreign exchange article. India Exchange, Forward and Futures, Present conditions.

(To come into effect as from the Enactment of 1934)

- (iii) Students to follow syllabus prescribed for B. Com. (Hons.) Degree Examination for first class as pages 332 and 341 of the University Code, Vol. II (1936-37 Ed.).

Part III—General Group

- 1. Economics—Same as for B. Com. (Hons.) degree, but in greater detail plus Questions of Public Finance and Taxation, Problems of Labour and Capital and Co-operation, with special reference to India.

- 2. Law and Principles of Banking in India—Same as for B. Com. (Hons.) degree plus important legal documents affecting Bankers.

3. *Nature Organisation*.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) degree plus the following:—

Export and Import Trade Organisation and nature of Transport.

4. *Self-Japanese and Accounts*.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) degree plus the following:—

Accounts of different commercial undertakings and Public utility companies.

Accounts Accounts, Bank Accounts, Railway Accounts, Debts of Cash Accounts and Insurance Accounts.

5. *Merchandise and Industrial Law*.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) degree plus the following:—Rights and Duties of Merchants, Traders and Importers. Law of Arbitration and Award. Trade Disputes and Employees' Injuries.

6. *Commercial Geography*.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) degree plus Biggest and commercial Geography of India, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Russia, U.S.A. and Japan.

7. *General Commercial Knowledge and Commercial Arithmetic*.

(7) (i) GENERAL COMMERCIAL KNOWLEDGE

Same as in the Pass course in general detail plus criticism of a Company Prospectus. The Company concerned is India and matters of the Indian Constitution relating the recent developments regarding Federation.

(7) (ii) COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC

Same as in the Pass course in greater detail plus the following:—

(1) Mental calculation of sums involving short methods.

(2) Calculation of rectangles, perimeters, circle and such similar solids.

(3) Fractions.

(4) Balance quantities and amounts.

(5) Business forms, such as receipts, bills and credit notes, account sales and statements of account.

(6) Statistics Applied and Applied Statistics.—Definition of statistics, collection, tabulation and presentation of data, graphs, averages, dispersion, measures, correlation and index numbers. A brief study of British India statistics—domestic and non-domestic. Application of statistics to economic and commercial problems.

Part II—Special Group.

Sub-Group—A.

(1) *Advanced Accounting and Auditing*.—(a) General Accounting in Book-keeping and Accounts. Chinese Book-keeping, Financial of Profit and Loss, Currents, China, Accounts of Fundamental Principles, Asset Accounts, Investment accounts. Cost accounts in greater detail, and Income-tax accounts, including law and procedure of income tax.

(2) *Auditing*.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) degree plus the following:—

Audit Programme, Share Transfer Audit, Miscellaneous Problems, viz. Foreign Branches, Maintenance Contracts, Hire Purchase, Shares in subsidiaries for sale, Vendor's purchases, "Funds" companies, valuation of shares in private companies and underwriting agreements.

Investigation into and reform of accounts, including:—

(i) Causes of irregularities, history of the investigating accounts, investigations based on books, Examination of accounts with particular reference to Bank and Foreign investigations.

(ii) Criticism of a balance sheet for prospective loan creditor or publisher. System of corporate records. Special points regarding purchase of a business enterprise of goods &c.

(3) *Advanced Banking and Currency*.—(i) Banking.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) in greater detail plus Outline of history of several kinds of banks in Great Britain, France, Germany, U.S.A. and Japan.

(ii) Currency.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) in greater detail plus the various currency theories and their criticism.

(iii) Foreign Exchange.—Same as for B. Com. (Pass) in greater detail plus Arithmetic of Foreign Exchange.

Sub-Group—B.

(1) *Knowledge of Transport*.—(a) General principles relating to Modern Road, Inland Waterway Sea and Aerial Transport. The place of Transport in Industry and Commerce. General organization of each system showing distribution of functions. Control exercised by the State in transportation and inter connection, operating and charges, monopoly and competition. Coordination of Transport. Relations with traffic.

(b) *Railway Transport*.—Capital and Expenditure. Goods and Passengers. Economics of Railway construction and maintenance. Growth of passenger traffic. Passenger fares. Influence on distribution of population. Freight rates and their theory. Rate making in practice. Influence of production costs on rates. Classification of by commodities of commodities. Control of rates by railway, by rates and form of rate making. Traffic growth. Effects of income. Influence of railway rates on distribution of industries.

(c) *Road Transport*.—Economics of road construction and maintenance. Theory of rates and fares. Variations caused by form of road transport. Comparison with railway transport, relative of road to railway transport. Statistical research. Rate control.

Inland Water Transport.—Capital expenditure. State aid. Tolls. Rates. Expenses of Harbours. Local nature of influence on industry. Sea Transport.—Docks and Quays. Coordination of rail and water (general facilities). Port dues. The ship economy of various seas. Charter parties. Bill of lading. Sea conditions. Freight on board and through. Agreements in charter, negotiation. Navigation Laws and State regulations. Freight making in constant transport. Marine insurance. Average claims. The ship crew.

Aerial Transport.—Growth and development. Principles of administration. (b) Rights and Duties of common carriers and their customers. (To come into effect on or from the commencement of 1938.)

XI

In Chapter XXXIX, XI, and L-A, pages 351, 352 and 353 (as amended by amendments 121 (a), (b) and (c), respectively) read "Outlines of the History of Things Literature" for "the History of Things Literature." (To come into effect forthwith.)

XII

1. (1) In Chapter XLIII (B. Com. (Hons. degree examination) of the University Code (revised B. Com. (Hons.) page 355, substitute the following for the present section 7—

"7. A candidate for the B. Com. (Hons.) degree shall appear for the final examination in Part II not later than the end of the fourth year after commencing the Honours Degree course in the University College provided however that a student (with section 3 except)—proceeding in the B. Com. Honours degree shall appear not later than three years after commencing the B. Com. Honours degree course in the University College."

(2) In section 8, delete lines 1 and insert in its place—

"No candidate shall be permitted to undergo the final examination in Part II for the Honours more than once. A candidate for the final examination shall, however, be permitted."

II In Chapter XLIV (B.Sc. (Hons. degree examination) of the University Code, page 356, substitute the following two sections for sections 11 and revised section 12, as follows—

"11. A candidate for the B.Sc. (Hons.) degree shall appear for the final examination in Part II not later than the end of the fourth year after commencing the Honours degree course in the University College, provided however that a student (with section 3 except) shall appear not later than three years after commencing the B.Sc. (Hons.) degree course in the University College."

For purposes of this regulation, the final examination shall mean the examination in the main subject in the case of Physics and University main groups "and in special Technology in the case of Technology group candidates."

12. No candidate shall be permitted to undergo the final examination in Part II more than once. A candidate for the final examination shall however be permitted to withdraw from the examination provided he has not sat for the last paper in the written examination or the last practical examination in the subject, and provided also he has given notice of withdrawal to the Registrar within three clear days after the date of the last paper (theory or practical) which he attempted. He shall be permitted to appear again for the examination in the same subject in the following year without producing any additional certificate of attendance. Nothing in this regulation shall apply to the examination in the subsidiary subjects."

(To come into effect from the final examination of 1938.)

XIII

A. Regulations.

In Chapter XLIV (B.Sc. (Hons.) degree examination) of the University Code, Vol. II (1935-36), page 357—

1. (a) Insert the following heading between lines 2 and 3 and immediately after the heading "B.Sc. (Hons.) degree examination—

"1. A.—With Physics or Chemistry as main subject."

(b) In page 357, delete the last two lines in section 2.

(c) Delete the heading "Technology (model)" in page 357 and the matter commencing in page 357 and 358.

(d) In page 357, delete the words "For Part II (1) and (2) section (2)" occurring in lines 22 and 23 and also delete lines 24, 25 and 26.

(e) In page 358, delete the words "For Part II (1) and (2) section (2)" occurring in line 2 and delete lines 1 to 4 and 27 to 28.

(f) In page 358, substitute the following for the present section 3—

"3. A candidate shall be permitted at the end of the first year, to appear for the examination in Part II (a) English Composition and (b) French or Persian and at the end of the second year in the subsidiary subjects."

(g) In page 358, delete the last two lines.

* Figures in italics will be in force up to and including the examination of 1936.

11. In page 265, insert the following immediately after section of the chapter:—
 "B-6th General Chemical Technology as main subject."
- Qualification of candidates.** 10. A candidate for the B.Sc. (Hons.) degree in General Chemical Technology shall be required:—
 (a) to have passed the Intermediate examination in Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics as specified at the University or any other examination accepted as equivalent thereto;
 (b) to have undergone subsequently a further course of study in the University College, as provided hereunder, extending over a period of three years, each consisting of three semesters lasting, each
 (c) to have passed the examinations for the degree hereinafter provided.
- Course of study.** 12. The course shall comprise instruction in:—
 Part I—(a) Mathematics, (b) Physics, (c) Chemistry and (d) Descriptive Engineering, including Machine Drawing and Workshop Practice.
 Part II—General Chemical Technology, Chemical Engineering, and any one of the following special subjects for the study of which students may be made by the University:—
 (i) Inorganic;
 (ii) Pharmaceutical and fine chemicals;
 (iii) Oils and Fats (including essential oils); and
 (iv) Carcinoma.
- Scope of subjects.** 13. The scope of each subject shall be as defined in the syllabus provided.
- Part I: Descriptive, Physics, Chemistry and Workshop Practice Engineering.** 14. The examinations in the second subjects in Part I and II shall be as detailed below:—

PART I.

Mathematics.—There shall be one paper of three hours' duration, carrying 100 marks.

Physics.—There shall be two papers, one written, of three hours' duration and one practical, of one hour's duration. Each paper shall carry 100 marks.

Chemistry.—There shall be three papers in theory and three practical, one each in Inorganic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry and Organic Chemistry, respectively. Each paper in theory shall be of three hours' duration and shall carry 100 marks. Each practical examination shall be of one hour's duration. Besides the above, there shall be an oral examination. The marks for the practical and oral examinations shall be added as follows:—

Inorganic and Physical Chemistry	...	...	100 marks.
Organic Chemistry	...	...	100 "
Practical records	...	...	50 "
Oral	...	...	50 "

Descriptive Engineering.—There shall be one paper in theory carrying 100 marks and one practical (including printing) each of three hours' duration. The practical examination shall carry 50 marks and drawing rounds 20 marks.

PART II.

General Chemical Technology.—There shall be one paper in theory of three hours' duration and one practical of one hour's duration. Each paper shall carry 100 marks and the rounds 50 marks.

Chemical Engineering.—There shall be one paper in theory of three hours' duration and one practical of one hour's duration. Each paper shall carry 100 marks and the rounds 50 marks.

Special subject.—There shall be two papers in theory each of three hours' duration and one practical of one hour's duration. Each paper shall carry 100 marks and the rounds 50 marks.

Mark qualifying for a post. 15. A candidate shall be considered to have passed the examinations in the several subjects detailed above if he obtains marks as hereunder:—

Subjects.	Written.	Practical (including printing and drawing rounds if any).	Average.
Mathematics	40 per cent.	...	40 per cent.
Physics	50 "	50 per cent.	"
Chemistry	50 "	"	"
Descriptive Engineering	50 "	"	"
General Chemical Technology	50 "	"	"
Chemical Engineering	50 "	"	"
Special subject	75 "	"	"

16. A candidate shall be permitted to appear for the examinations in the several subjects detailed above at the end of the first year, to appear for the examinations in Mathematics and at the end of the second year in the remaining subjects in Part I.

17. No candidate shall be permitted to appear for the examination in Part II when he passes the examination in Part I.

18. A candidate for the B.Sc. (Hons.) degree shall appear for the examination in Part II not later than the end of the fourth year after commencing the Honorary degree course at the University College.

19. No candidate shall be permitted to withdraw the examination in Part II more than once. A candidate who withdraws the examination in Part II before the examination, provided he has not yet for the last paper (Chemistry or Physics) withdrawn the examination, and provided he has given notice of withdrawal to the Registrar within three clear days from the date of the last paper (Chemistry or Physics) withdrawn the examination, shall be permitted to reappear for the examination in Part II at the end of the fourth year after commencing the Honorary degree course at the University College.

practical which he conceived. Such a candidate may appear again for the examination in Part II in the following year without possessing any additional evidence of attendance.

32. Candidates desirous to have passed the examination in Part I (Qualification of any candidate)
and II shall be placed as follows:—

- Class I.—Those obtaining 50 per cent and above.
Class II.—Those obtaining 40 per cent and less than 50 per cent.
Class III.—The rest.

When the names of successful candidates are published in the Gazette, they shall be arranged in the order of merit according to the total number of marks obtained.

D. SYLLABUS

Physics.

The examination, the syllabus and the papers shall be the same as those for the B.Sc. (Hons.) chemistry with students.

Chemistry.

The syllabus shall be taught with emphasis on the industrial aspects so that it will form a good introduction to the Chemical Technology course.

Lectures.

Inorganic Chemistry.—The Periodic Law as the basis for the classification of the elements and its interpretation in the light of modern advances. Chemistry of the non-metals. The nomenclature of industrially important non-metallic elements and compounds. More detailed treatment of the chemistry of Boron, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Sulphur, the halogens and their compounds.

Systematic study of the metals and their compounds including the more important rare earths and actinides. The industrial applications of the more important of these. Alloys and industrial gases.

Organic Chemistry.—The scope of Organic Chemistry. Analysis of organic compounds. Molecular and constitutional formulae.

A study of the important compounds of the aliphatic and aromatic series with emphasis on structural properties and uses, the important condensations and reactions involved, the different kinds of isomerism, the methods of establishing relationships and the principles of governing substitution and reaction.

Heterocyclic compounds including pyridine, quinoline and isoquinoline, simple alcohols, acids and esters.

Elementary treatment of the following: Anthracene and Anthracene derivatives, naphthalene, quinoline, pyridine, furan, thiophene, pyrrole, imidazole, selenazole, telluroazole, silole, stannole, germanole, borole, and others.

Physical Chemistry.—General properties of solids, liquids, gases and mixtures. Determination of molecular weights. Spectroscopy and optical activity. Basic theory and its application. Analysis of salts. Thermodynamic laws, theory of solutions and colligative properties. Chemical Equilibrium. Chemical equilibrium, velocity of reactions, catalysis. Hydrolysis of salts. The phase rule and its application. Some applications of thermodynamics in Chemistry. Colloidal state, absorption and surface chemistry.

Practical Course.

Inorganic Chemistry.—Qualitative analysis of inorganic mixtures containing not more than six anions.

Preparation of about a dozen substances involving typical methods. Volumetric analysis including acidimetry, alkalimetry, oxidation and reduction methods involving the use of permanganate, dichromate and iodine and precipitation methods.

Gravimetric analysis of calcium, copper, silver, lead, chromium, iron, cobalt, nickel, sulphur, phosphorus, barium.

Analysis of mixtures of substances, alloys and minerals. Gas analysis.

Organic Chemistry.—About 15 preparations involving important reactions.

Qualitative analysis—[Identification of compounds by means of reactions for functional groups and preparation of derivatives].

Qualitative analysis—Estimation of halogens and sulphur and groups such as the halogens, nitro, azo and diazo and estimation of weights of acids and bases.

Physical Chemistry.—Simple exercises on the following: Molecular weight determination, velocity of reactions, conductance, electrochemical cells, solubility, partition coefficient, dialysis and osmotic pressure.

Density, viscosity, surface tension, refractivity, spectroscopy and polarimetry will be done under Physics.

Books recommended.

Inorganic Chemistry.

Porter, J. R.—Text book of Inorganic Chemistry.

Cox, A. L.—Text book of Inorganic Chemistry.

Cox, A. L.—A System of Qualitative Analysis.

Chemical and Physical—Qualitative Analysis.

Organic Chemistry.

Schmidt, T.—Text book of Organic Chemistry.

Carby, H. T.—Hand book of Organic Analysis.

Carby, H. T.—Hand book of Organic Analysis.

Carby, H. T.—Hand book of Organic Analysis.

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Carby, H. T.—Hand book of Organic Analysis.

Carby, H. T.—Hand book of Organic Analysis.

Physical Chemistry.

Levy & Sagies—Text book of Physical Chemistry.

Fisher, A.—Practical Physical Chemistry.

Pharmaceutical Chemistry or Technology of Drugs.

Lecture Course.—Crude drugs, their impurities, modifications, evaluation and use. Chemistry of Inorganic and Organic substances in connection with Pharmacy. Occurrence of active principles of natural drugs including vitamins and hormones. Synthetic drugs. Pharmaceutical operations. Assay and consideration of pharmaceutical preparations. Bacteriology and their action. Sterilization, disinfection, antiseptics and aseptic dressings.

Laboratory Course.—Microscopic examination of drugs including histology, identification of tissues and cells. Microchemical tests.

Small scale preparation of esters, liquid acetates and other pharmaceutical substances. Experiments and identification of drugs according to the pharmacopoeia. Preparation of semi-active principles.

Text Books.

- (1) Text book of Pharmaceutical Chemistry—Bentley & Driver.
- (2) British Pharmacopoeia—B.D.
- (3) Descriptive Pharmaceutical Chemistry—Fisher and Dumas.
- (4) Organic Medicaments—Fawcett.
- (5) A Course in Practical Pharmacy—Casper and Appleford.
- (6) Science and Practice of Pharmacy—Coxing and Baines.
- (7) Practical Pharmacology—Wiley.
- (8) Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students—Casper and Dyer.

Sugar Technology.

Knowledge.—Elements of aqueous agriculture, harvesting and transport.

Extraction of juice, composition of juice, physical and chemical properties, distribution by crystallization, centrifugation and decantation; filtration, concentration of juice to syrup, boiling of syrup to concentrate; curing, storage and transport of sugar.

Descriptive details of the modern plants for plantation; white sugar manufacture.

Manufacture of raw sugar and molasses. Utilization of the by-products of a cane sugar factory. Plant specifications for a white sugar factory (elementary).

Chemical control in cane sugar factories.—Control of molasses, boiling house, pure crystals. Chemical control in raw sugar or pure molasses. Stock taking, report data and interpretation of the results; selection and its sugar factory, and sugar factory selection.

Industry in the development of cane sugar industry with special reference to India.

Practical.—Qualification of sugar apparatus, polarimetry, refractometry, moisture, estimation of organic analysis of the raw material, products, chemicals, intermediate products and by-products of a cane sugar factory and sugar refinery.

Three months' practical training in sugar factories (January to April) reports of the work done to be submitted.

Text Books.

- (1) Sugar Manufacture from Cane and Beet by Harrow.
- (2) Cane Sugar and its Manufacture by Goring.
- (3) Modern Milling of Sugar Cane by Maxwell.
- (4) Hand Book of Sugar Analysis by Spencer and Wards.

Reference Books.

- (1) Cane Sugar by Earl Derry.
- (2) Plantation Cane Sugar Manufacture by Maxwell.
- (3) Crystallization in the Manufacture of White Sugar by Maxwell.
- (4) Cane Sugar Industry of the World by Goring.
- (5) Economic Aspects of Cane Sugar Production by Maxwell.
- (6) Reports of the Indian Trade Commission of 1911.
- (7) Publications of Indian and Provincial Governments on Cane Sugar.
- (8) Indigenous methods of Sugar Manufacture by R. C. Shrivastava.

General Chemical Technology.**Knowledge.**

Processes.—Manufacture of cane, sugar, molasses, white, and refined. Manufacture of glucose, heavy chemicals, acids, alcohols, oils, electro-chemical and electro-chemical industries. Iron, steel, petroleum, glass, soda, kerosene and kerosene.

General.—Descriptive details of oil and molasses. Coal tar distillation, dye stuffs, brackish water, oils, fats, waxes, soap, animal oils, drying oils, paint and varnishes, petroleum products, refining of mineral and fatty oils, lubricant alcohol (industrial and absolute), and oil, fuels and testing, synthetic products, cellulose, paper.

Practical.—(1) Analysis of water, fuel, lubricant, fertilizer, and other.

(2) On the process in industrial preparations. Electrolysis, and other chemical reactions, oxidation, reduction, fermentation.

(3) Industrial objects and large-scale preparation and purification of same types.

Chemical Engineering.

Excluded.—(3) Material of construction with special reference to design in Engineering, Locomotives and Automobiles, Industrial, Naval, and Marine, etc.; Steel, Copper, Lead, Zinc, Aluminum, Silver, Tin, Platinum, alloys such as Austenitic, Monel metal, Inconel, Duralumin, etc.

Excluded.—(4) Metals, Alloys, Elements, Periodic, Silica, Explosives, Composites, Dyes, Lenses, etc.

Principles of design and construction of plants with different materials.

(5) Transportation of Solids, Liquids, and Gases.—Flow of Solids, Streams, and turbulent flow of gases and liquids, Heat, Mass, flow of various types, measurement of flow, mixing tanks, long distance transport of solids, movement loads in pipes and equipment, etc. Transportation of powders and various fluids. Transportation of solids, Liquids, elements, gases, transportation by sea, land and water, etc.

(6) Heat Transmission.—By radiation, conduction, convection, methods of heat transfer for various types of units, liquids, gases, flow of heat through different media, dividing wall, etc. Different types of boilers and heat exchangers.

Exhaustion.—Different types of compressors, expansion through different surfaces, various types of absorbers, heat treating processes, cooling, etc.

Distillation.—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, distillation under vacuum; various types of stills, distillation and fractionating columns.

Refrigeration.

Design.—Construction and air conditioning, calculation.

Means of temperature, thermometers, storage capacity and special processes.

(8) Fuels and Alloys.—Calculation of fuels in furnaces, heat transfer, heat efficiency, theory and design, etc.

(9) Crystals and Gels.—Various types of crystals, polymerization, etc.

Alloys and reactions.—Screening, shifting, solution; reduction, etc.

Various principles, different kinds of films.

Mixing, heating and cooling, distillation, etc.

Processes.—Loss processes.

Cooling and heating, screening, filtration. Temperature measurement. Electrical, various types of heat, solids, liquids and gases flow of heat, heat transfer. Expansion, distillation, reaction, heating and crystallization.

(To come into effect forthwith.)

DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN THE CHEMISTRY AND MINERALOGY OF PORT ST. GEORGE

A—Regulations.

1. A candidate for the diploma examination in the chemistry and mineralogy of Port St. George shall be required to have passed the 3rd (B.Sc.) or the 4th (B.A.) year degree examination (such university as the exam subject of the university or any other examination accepted by the Institute as equivalent thereto, and the other science subjects as subsidiary subjects).

(2) To have undergone subsequently a further course of study in the University College, extending over a period of one academic year consisting of three consecutive terms, provided however that the period shall be two academic years in the case of gas production, and

(3) To have passed the prescribed examination.

2. The course and scope of instruction shall be as defined in the Scheme of studies prescribed.

3. The examination shall be written, practical and oral.

4. There shall be three papers in theory, each of three hours' duration and two practicals of six and a half hours' duration each. Besides, there shall be an oral examination. The marks shall be allotted as follows:—

Written—4 papers each 100 marks 400
Practical 2—each 100 marks 200
Oral and theory 100

5. A candidate shall be deemed to have passed the diploma examination if he obtains not less than 40 per cent of the total marks and not less than 50 per cent in each: (a) written, (b) practical (including oral and theory) examination.

6. Candidates declared to have passed the diploma examination shall be classed as follows:—

Class I.—First division; 60 per cent and above.

Class II.—Second division.

Those obtaining 75 per cent of the marks shall be deemed to have passed the examination with distinction.

When the names of successful candidates are published in the Gazette, they shall be arranged in the order of merit according to the total number of marks obtained.

B—Subjects.

The course will correspond to the requirements for the examination in District 2, for the Fellowship of the Institute of Chemistry and will cover a minimum period of one year.

Chemistry of metals. Crystallization, oils, polymers, colloids, Fibres and resins. Storage and preservation of foods. Food poisoning.

Water, its purification and examination. The bacteriology of water supplies.

Alk and its derivatives.

Fermentation processes and products. The Chemistry of enzymes.

Biogenesis of alcohol and aldehydes; leucopig.

Nutrition requirements of the human body. The Chemistry of digestion and growth.

Chemistry and pharmacology of natural and synthetic drugs.

Pharm and their manufacturing, extraction and distillation.

The elements of toxicology.

Acute and chronic diseases and conditions regarding health.

Legal and pharmaceutical standards of purity.

Laboratory Work

Water analysis. Analysis of mineral waters.

Sugar analysis.

Microscopy of starches, cereals, fibres and grain drugs.

Analysis of oils, fats and waxes. Analysis of soaps.

Analysis of milk and its derivatives.

Alcoholometry.

Analysis of salt and saline products.

Analysis of fermenting substances, enzymes, spores, microorganisms.

Alkalies and polymerised food products.

Analysis of drugs, chemicals, antiseptics, disinfectants, pharma-

ceutical preparations and preparations.

Analysis of blood and urine.

Toxicological analysis.

(To come into effect forthwith.)

XIV

In Chapter XLIV (B.S. 1930-31, Degree Examination of the University Code, Volume II, 1930-31, page 201, section 4,

(i) In line 2, read the word "and" for

(ii) In line 2, insert between the words "subject" and "name" the following words:—

"In the case of candidates offering physics or chemistry as the main subject, and for the candidates in Applied Chemical Technology as the case of candidates offering technology as the main subject."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

XV

1. In Chapter XLV (B.S. 1930-31, Degree Examination of the University Code, Volume II, 1930-31, page 211, section 1, sub-paragraph (a), insert the following between the words "approved" and "and" a "Board of Examiners":—

"The Examiners after considering the report of"

(b) In the same Chapter, page 211, add at the end the following

as a new section 3:—

"A candidate for a research degree whose thesis is rejected on the first occasion will be eligible to submit the same a second time after revision taking into account the criticisms made by the Examiners appointed on the first occasion by the Syndicate along with the prescribed fee, but he shall not be eligible to resubmit it as a subsequent occasion should it be rejected a second time."

2. In Chapter XLVI (Degree of Doctor of Philosophy, page 414, add the following at the end as a new section 4:—

"A candidate for a research degree whose thesis is rejected on the first occasion will be eligible to submit the same a second time after revision taking into account the criticisms made by the Examiners appointed on the first occasion by the Syndicate along with the prescribed fee, but he shall not be eligible to resubmit it as a subsequent occasion should it be rejected a second time."

(To come into effect forthwith.)

XVI

In Chapter XLIX (B.S. 1930-31, Degree Examination of the University Code, Volume II, 1930-31, page 21, section 26, correct the following at the end of the section for a value and only "provided that the above examination (Parts I and II) shall be completed within a period of two years (i.e., 4 classes) from the date of the first appearance."

And add at the following as a separate paragraph:—

"Candidates who fail to complete the above examination within the above limit of two years shall be required to appear again for all the subjects (in Parts I and II)."

Provided that candidates who have already attended the time limit of two years shall be permitted to re-examine the subjects under the old regulations up to and including the March-April examinations of 1936 and that thereafter they shall, if they are not, be required to appear again for all the subjects (in Parts I and II)."

(To come into effect as from the First B.S. Examination of 1936.)

(By order)

G. D. S. CHITTY,
Registrar

University of Port St. George,
24th May 1937

* Notice is hereby given that the regulations for the examination of 1936.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, VIZAGAPATAM.

UNIVERSITY AND MEDICAL COUNCIL, 1937-38.

The Government having been pleased to approve the proposal to start a Christian and Missionary College at the Medical College, Vizagapatam, it has been decided to start the course in this College from 1st July 1937. The admission is limited to six students only. The examinations at the end of the course will be held at Madras and the students from Vizagapatam should go to Madras for the examination at their own cost.

2. Those who have passed the Matriculation Examination or who have qualified for a Secondary School-leaving Certificate, having passed or the theory in 'O' Group subject for the public examination, are eligible for admission. Preference will, however, be given to candidates who have passed Part III of the Intermediate Examination in Arts or Science with Botany, Zoology and Chemistry as optional subjects.

3. The course extends over two years, i.e., from July 1937 to September 1938. The first year course begins on 1st July 1937 and ends in September 1937. The fee for each year of the course is Rs. 50. On receipt of communication from the Principal, the fee should be paid with a Government Treasury order to the head "XXVII, Madras—Medical College" and the child produced in the College before admission.

4. Application for admission to this course should be sent to the Principal, Medical College, Vizagapatam, in the form appended below before the 15th June 1937.

APPENDIX TO THE APPOINTMENT TO THE UNIVERSITY AND MEDICAL COUNCIL, 1937-38.

Medical College, Vizagapatam.

Medical College, Vizagapatam.

Medical College, Vizagapatam.

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Medical College, Vizagapatam.

4. They may be awarded for one or more subjects, and may be given an exemption on the approved form from the subject selected to the Principal through the Principal of his College provided that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

5. Applications should be made in the prescribed form (specimens of form may be sent to the Inspector of European Schools, Old College, Colaba, P.O., Madras, by 31st July 1937) through the Principal of the College concerned after the application has arrived at the College. Applications received after the prescribed date will not be considered. The size of the application for these scholarships should and have attached thereto a form as in the enclosed form.

6. Government have ordered that scholarships awarded under the Code of Regulations for European Schools should be paid only for three months in the year. They will be disbursed only from 1st July to 31st March each year.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR EUROPEAN FINAL ADMISSION, 1937.

- Name in full at present.
- Age.
- Date of birth.
- Place of birth.
- Address (in full) at present.
- Education at present.
- Occupation with salary or income at present.
- Details of work which applicant agreed to do for the Government, Madras 1937.
- Class and rank obtained in the examination (specify Part II, Group specified).
- Subject or Subjects for which seeking.
- College joined for study.
- Whether the candidate is in receipt of any scholarship, grant or stipend from any public or private source.
- Recommendation of parent or guardian as to the position of the candidate at the time of application.

Signature of applicant.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

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Signature of Principal.

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Signature of Principal.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

Date.

Signature of Principal.

SCHOLARSHIPS—EUROPEAN—FINAL—POST-ADMISSION FORM.

Applicants are invited for six final scholarships (three for boys and three for girls) of the amount of Rs. 100 each for the year 1937-38. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application.

5. These scholarships are open only to Europeans as defined in article 3 of the Code of Regulations for European Schools, and are available only to those candidates who have qualified in the Madras University. Only candidates whose names are in the Madras University are eligible for these scholarships.

6. They will be awarded by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, to students residing in 1937-38 for a diploma or a degree, on the result of the Intermediate Examination, Madras 1937, and on a recommendation of the Head of the institution for admission to proceed with their education.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, CHENNAI, 1937-38.

Applicants for admission into the Junior Intermediate class should be sent to the Headmaster of the Government College, Chennai, by the 15th June 1937. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application. The candidates should be not less than sixteen years of age and not more than thirty years of age at the time of application.

- Name of candidate in full.
- Date of birth in Christian era.
- Name, occupation and approximate annual income of parent or guardian.
- Religion and caste.
- House to which he belongs.
- School in which he has studied.
- Serial number of the S.S.L.C. book and the regular number in the public examination.

8. The year in which he was declared eligible for University course of study (the number of years that he appeared for the examination should be stated).

9. Whether recommended or unrecd. marked.

10. The syllabus examinations chosen by the candidate under Part III (the details of the examinations are given below).

11. Vocabulary of the classical language chosen under Part II (the college experts instructions only to Tamil and Sanskrit).

12. Games chosen for play.

13. Address which will find the applicant when selection is made.

Candidates whose will to see only in their own school should be put.

14. A registration fee of Rs. 3 should be paid by every applicant completing the declared studies of the Junior Intermediate class of this college, who give Government treasury or branch of the Imperial Bank of India, or the following kind of account which should be mentioned in the last column of the statement—

"Principal—XXVI, Madras—University—A. Sans—Government Arts College—Madras. Fee for registration of candidates for admission into the Government Arts College, Coimbatore."

The duplicate copy of the check obtained as receipt for payment of the fee should be attached to the application for admission. Under no circumstances, the registration fee will be returned to the applicant. No admission will be registered unless accompanied by the check for the registration fee of Rs. 3.

The College is affiliated to Groups A and B of the Intermediate Examination of the Madras University under the prescribed scheme as detailed below:—

Group A.

1. Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry
2. Mathematics, Physics and Logic.
3. Physics, Chemistry and Natural Science.

Group B

Modern History, Indian History and Logic.

Each student selected for admission, will receive a card sent to that effect with which he should present himself before the Principal on the date fixed. Selection is only provisional until the student is admitted on payment of fees after scrutiny of the documents required.

Selected students who do not present themselves on the prescribed date, without good reason previously explained, will be liable to lose the seats provided.

T. K. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,

Principal.

Government College, Coimbatore,
14th May 1922.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, COIMBATORE.

Application for admission to the B.Sc. Ag. Degree Course will be received by the Principal, up to 15th June 1922. Prospectus and forms of applications can be obtained from the Principal.

R. C. BROADFOOT,

Principal.

Agricultural College, Coimbatore,
14th May 1922.

MADRAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

NOTIFICATION

EXAMINATIONS—INTERMEDIATE TESTS—JUNE 1922.

The written examination for the Second Class Test for Members of the Madras Civil Service (Executive Grade) will be held in part I of the First Class Group, Coimbatore, on the 15th April 1922, to be held on the 14th June 1922, from 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. will not be held on that day but will be held on the 15th June 1922 from 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.

Office of the Madras Public Service Commission,
Colonial P.O., Madras, 16th May 1922.

LIST OF CANDIDATES RECEIVED BY THE MADRAS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR APPOINTMENT AS MEMBERS OF THE MADRAS CIVIL SERVICE (EXECUTIVE GRADE), 1922.

Rank and name of candidate.	Date of birth.	Qualification.	Address.
New Entrants (Madras).			
1 S. Anantharaman ..	21st October 1912 ..	B.A.	Personal Madras City Road, Madras.
2 P. Ponnambalam ..	15th February 1914 ..	B.A.	C/o P. Sankaragobal Pillai, S.A., 26, Ganga Road, Madras, Coimbatore.
3 T. M. Rajagopalan ..	25th March 1916 ..	B.A.	C/o T. A. Mahalingam, Coimbatore, Rajahmundry, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
4 S. Rajagopal ..	19th April 1914 ..	B.A. (Hons.).	C/o S. Mahalingam, Madras, Coimbatore, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
5 V. Anand Gnanan ..	20th August 1912 ..	B.A.	C/o S. Mahalingam, Madras, Coimbatore, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
6 S. Chelvanarayana ..	26th December 1912 ..	B.A.	C/o The Sub-Registrar, Madras.
Re-Entrants.			
1 R. Sankarab Sub ..	22nd March 1914 ..	B.A.	C/o M. Thirumangal, S.A., Sub-Registrar, Madras, Coimbatore Road, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
2 A. Chelvanarayana ..	December 1914 ..	B.A.	C/o M. Thirumangal, S.A., Sub-Registrar, Madras, Coimbatore Road, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
3 D. Sankaragobal ..	21st April 1912 ..	B.A.	C/o M. F. Sankaragobal, S.A., S.A., Principal, Tamil High School, Coimbatore.
4 A. R. Anantharaman ..	15th October 1912 ..	B.A.	C/o A. Mahalingam, Sub-Inspector of Police, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
Re-Entrants.			
1 S. Thirumangal ..	16th November 1911 ..	B.A.	Aringh, Coimbatore, S.A., S.A., Principal, Tamil High School, Coimbatore.
2 V. P. Ponnambalam ..	10th July 1914 ..	B.A.	C/o S. Mahalingam, Madras, Coimbatore, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
3 S. Rajagopal ..	26th November 1914 ..	B.A., B.E.	C/o T. A. Mahalingam, S.A., S.A., Sub-Registrar, Madras, Coimbatore, Tirupattur, North Arcot District.
Re-Entrants.			
1 M. Sankarab Sub ..	27th July 1912 ..	B.S.L.C.	44, Sankar Road, Koyambedu, Madras.
2 S. Thirumangal ..	15th July 1914 ..	B.S.L.C.	44, Sankar Road, Koyambedu, Madras.

Office of the Madras Public Service Commission,
Colonial P.O., Madras, 16th May 1922.

C. P. KARUNAKARA MYSOM,
Secretary.

FREMONT COLLEGE, MADRAS.

Applicants for admission to the III year classes of this college are informed that the last date for sending such applications is Tuesday, the 15th June 1937.

K. ANANDA RAO,
Professor in charge

Fremont College, Madras.
15th May 1937.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified for the information of Correspondents of Secondary Schools and Elementary Schools, Deputy Inspectors and others concerned that there is a proposal for the admission during 1937-38 of a fresh batch of candidates for the Junior Secondary Grade Training class in form of the Junior Batch of Higher Elementary Grade students in the Government Training School for Madras, Bangalore.

3 The period of training will be two years and no stipends will be paid to the selected candidates.

3 Those who hold a completed Secondary School Leaving Certificate qualifying them for admission for the University course of study or to the examination to be held by the Madras University Commission for the admission of candidates for Honors and Science only are eligible for admission into the Secondary Grade.

4 Applications should be made in the prescribed format to be which can be had from the Deputy Inspectors of Schools. Applications of candidates working in Secondary schools should be submitted to this office through the Correspondents of their schools while those from candidates who are at present working in elementary schools should be submitted to the Deputy Inspectors of schools who will submit them to this office in a consolidated list before 15th June 1937 after forwarding the serials in the applications. Applications received after 15th June 1937 will not be accepted.

5 Certificates of general education should not be submitted or original. In the case of candidates declared eligible for collegiate course of study reference should be made, in the application, to the page and date of the gazette where their names are announced in addition to forwarding certified copies

of the marks obtained in the S.S.C. examination and in other cases a certified copy of the marks obtained in the examinations or examinations (with serials) should be enclosed.

6 Correspondents of schools are requested to scrutinize the applications of only those candidates whom they can introduce in service immediately after their age.

M. SUBRAMANIAM,
District Additional Officer,
Bangalore, 15th May 1937.

VACANCY.

Advertisements are invited from 1 to 11 Class University Graduates of the Madras University for the post of Demonstrator in the Government College, Bangalore. The appointment is a temporary one with effect from 15th June 1937, carrying a scale of pay of Rs. 45-100-0. The applicants who have passed I.T. Examination only need apply.

The following particulars should be furnished in a tabular form:—

- 1 Name of candidate.
- 2 Date of birth according to Christian era.
- 3 Native place or district.
- 4 Year in which he passed the B.A. Degree examination, with rank, distinction and class and the year in which he passed I.T., with rank, etc.
- 5 The present address of the applicant.

The applicants should be in a position to join the College immediately on receipt of the order of appointment and should enter into an agreement that he will serve the college for not less than one year from 15th June 1937.

Applications with testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before the 1st June 1937.

F. NARAYANA GOUD,
Acting Principal,
Government College, Bangalore,
15th May 1937.

謝長和與陳冠宇 謝長和與陳冠宇 謝長和與陳冠宇

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REPRODUCED BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT

[illegible]

V. K. RAMAN NIKSON,
District Educational Officer

Tuejara, 19th May 1997



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 211

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1937.

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Part II—Miscellaneous Notifications

CONCLUSIONS

[illegible]

APPOINTMENTS LEAVE ETC

Tromper et al.

No. 28. Transfer and Consolidation of Parings.—The following transfer and consolidation of parings and members of District Boards have been ordered by the High Court:—

1. M.R. By. Y. Shukla Sanki Das, from Calicut to Bangalore. (To be on 17th June 2011)

12. The transfers related to Items 1 (2), (3), (4) and (5) of Bank Court Modification No. 82, dated Feb. 28, 1987, are cancelled.

High Court, Madras,
Feb. 20, 1857.

No. 58. *Cancellation of Issuance*.—The leave granted to M.T. No. B. Nageswara Ayyar Anagall, Principal District Muzali, Nannuru, re High Court Settlement No. 58, dated 24th May 1927, and published as page 140 of Part II of Part 51, Gazette Madras, dated 11th May 1927, is recalled.

B. SRINIVASA RAO

Second Judicial Registrar, Original File (in charge)
High Court, Malacca,
18th Nov 1937.

No. 61. *Feelings and Thoughts*.—The following post-ings and transfers of District Receipts have been ordered by the Board Clerk:—

I. M. R. Ry, H. Hanna Babu, Priscilla Gara, on removal from Odessa Prison, is posted to the District Magistrate's Court, Nuzvid, as the Principal District Magistrate of the Court, is ill of Mr. V. Venkateswaraiah.

II. (a) M.R. Raj, V. Venkatesh Dhanabala Garu, from Rajahmundry (Principal) to Mangalore (Principal), in relief of Mr. S. Venkatesh Babu (The work on 26th June 2022).

(6) M. R. No. 8, Karamchala Gera, is said to be the Additional District Head of Mangalore. A new appointment was issued in G. O. No. 1217, Mysore, dated 16th March 1939.

H. FUKUDA AND A. N.

High Court, Madras,
21st Nov. 1952.

Police

Parties—The following parties of a Deputy Superior Justice of Peace are authorized:

King Mohd. ul-Han Haniff, Sakib Fakrudin, Deputy Superintendent of Police, on return from leave, to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Malakannad subdivision, Malabar district, in relief of Shamsul Mahmoodul Hoque Sakib Fakir who was recommended for leave from 1st July to 31st August 1955.

G. B. DE SINGHIA
Department of Police

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SALT

Basins.—The following routine is advised:—

H. H. Mgr. B. Lalithamma, East Arcot, Inspector, returned from leave, to join the Karapattam Circle.

H. CAMPBELL,
Collector of Salt Revenue

Medians, 1980s, 2000s, 2010s.

YOUNG, STRONGER, OR NOT? MINORITIES' TORIES of the Malawi President for the week ending 17th April 1977

[illegible]

ANNULAR NEMATODES OF ARIZONA AND IDAHO WITH
EXTENSIVE DISCUSSION IN THE FREEDOM OF NATURE
during the week ending 1st May 1977.

[illegible]

Name of fish (cm)	Protein		Lipids		Energy	
	g/100 g	g/100 g	g/100 g	g/100 g	g/100 g	g/100 g
1. <i>Clupea harengus</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
2. <i>Merluccius merluccius</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
3. <i>Gadus morhua</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
4. <i>Salmo gairdneri</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
5. <i>Trachurus trachurus</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
6. <i>Scophthalmus maximus</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
7. <i>Paralichthys olivacea</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
8. <i>Sebastes marinus</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
9. <i>Microgadus tomia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
10. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
11. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
12. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
13. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
14. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
15. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
16. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
17. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
18. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
19. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
20. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
21. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
22. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
23. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
24. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
25. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
26. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
27. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
28. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
29. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
30. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
31. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
32. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
33. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
34. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
35. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
36. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
37. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
38. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
39. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
40. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
41. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
42. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
43. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
44. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
45. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
46. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
47. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
48. <i>Urophycis regia</i>	18.5	12.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
49. <i></i>						

[illegible]

The following 7 candidates pass in 1 paper (Civil) only:—

Register number.	Name of candidate.
3	Adityanarayana, S.
23	Chandrasekara, A.
31	Govindan Subrahmanyam, K.
122	Ramesh Rao, S.
141	Subramanian Ramaswami, S.
187	Srinivasan, N.
205	Varadachari, S.

The following 35 candidates pass in 11 papers (Civilians) only:—

Register number.	Name of candidate.
7	Abanindranath, A. P.
11	Gopalanatharayan, A. S.
46	Krishna, H.
58	Ramona Prasad, V. K.
62	Krishnanandam, G. V.
67	Krishnanandam, K. D.
68	Krishnanandam, Ram, V.
70	Krishnanandam, Ramana, P.
82	Krishnanandam, A.
87	Ramona Krishna in Nandapan, H.
88	Karun Kumar Raja, K. G.
90	Lakshminarayana, P.
71	Lakshminarayana, G.
72	Linga Reddy, H.
73	Hanumanth, S.
74	Hanumanth, M.
75	Ramachandran, K. P.
76	Ramachandran, S.
111	Ramachandran, S.
127	Ramachandran, K. V.
128	Ramachandran, Ramana, V. V.
145	Ramachandran, S.
152	Ramachandran, S.
154	Ramachandran, S.
156	Ramachandran, S.

K. K. HANANATHA AYYAR,
Secretary, Bar Council

Bar Council Office,
Madras, 16th May 1937.

NOTICE.

ESSENTIAL.

A dividend is intended to be declared in the undermentioned estate. All creditors who are concerned in the debtor's affairs have not yet proved their claims and it is hereby notified that if they do not prove their claims before the 3rd day of June 1937, they will be excluded from the dividend.—

Debtors' names.	Name of insolvent.	Payable of dividend.
17th of 1937	P. Theodoros Chelios	1
21st of 1937	A. Theodoros Chelios	1
21st of 1937	T. Theodoros Chelios	1
21st of 1937	P. Theodoros Chelios	1
21st of 1937	T. Theodoros Chelios	1

F. K. WILSON,
Official Assignee.

High Court, Madras,
15th May 1937.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 5 of 1937, Sec-Georg, Carriacou.

Rao Nani Venkatesh Rao—Petitioner (Debtor).
Sri Subbarao K. Venkatesh Rao—Petitioner (Creditor).

Notice is hereby given under section 29 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge him as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 26th June 1937 for hearing.

(By order)

G. BALASUBRAMANIAM,
Petitioner's Officer.

Chennai, 17th May 1937.
152a

No. 25 of 1937, Sec-Georg, Carriacou.

T. C. V. N. S. M. T. Kishore Chatterjee, son of Kishore Chatterjee, residing at Dindigul—Petitioner (Debtor).

D. No. 208 of 1937, Sec-Georg, Carriacou and others—Petitioner.

Under section 20 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent on 1st April 1937 and that he should apply for discharge on or before 1st April 1938. Creditors should prove their claims within six months from the date of publication of this notice in the District Gazette, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the District Provincial Insolvency Rules. They should also give the Official Receiver all necessary instructions and provide him with funds, where necessary.

A. C. KUNHUMBI NALLA,
Additional District Judge.

Dindigul, 6th April 1937.

No. 12 of 1937, District Muzam's Court, Madras.

Devarajappa Krishnaswami son of Kandaswami Krishnaswami, residing at Perumangalam, Madras—Petitioner (Debtor).

Devarajappa Appay and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Insolvency Act, that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged as insolvent by the Court on 30th April 1937, that he should apply for discharge within six months from that date and that the creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Madras, on or before 30th April 1938.

A. NAGASWAMI AYYAR,
District Judge.

Madras, 6th May 1937.

No. 1 of 1937, District Muzam's Court, Tirunelveli.

Nigam Mutha Keshava, son of N. Ghose Maheswari, residing at Dindigul, Tirunelveli—Petitioner (Debtor).

Mutha Pillai—Creditor.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, that the above-named petitioner is adjudged insolvent in the Court on 1st April 1937, that he is directed to apply for discharge within six months from that date. The creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Madras, within the said date by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 2 of 1937, District Muzam's Court, Tirunelveli.

P. Krishnaswami Venka son of Periyaswami Venka, residing at Dindigul, Tirunelveli, son of Krishnaswami—Petitioner (Debtor).

Periyaswami Venka and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, that the above-named petitioner is adjudged insolvent in the Court on 1st April 1937, that he is directed to apply for discharge within six months from that date. The creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Madras, within the said date by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

T. GOVATHIRAPATNAM PILLAI,
District Judge.

Tirunelveli, 17th May 1937.

No. 16 of 1937, District Muzam's Court, Tirunelveli.

S. P. Ranganathan Naidu—Petitioner (Debtor).
Ranganathan Naidu and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudge him as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 1st August 1937 for hearing.

No. 22 of 1922, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
TIRUVARUR.(George) Naidu—Petitioner (Defendant).
Chinga Naidu and six others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 22 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudicate him as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 24th August 1922 for hearing.

No. 24 of 1922, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
TIRUVARUR.T. Subbiah—Petitioner (Defendant).
C. Venkiah Pillai and two others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 22 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudicate him as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 24th July 1922 for hearing.

No. 2 of 1923, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
TIRUVARUR.Rasiah Rasiah Chelliah—Petitioner (Defendant).
P. Venkayya Chetty and seven others—Respondents (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under section 22 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the petitioner has applied to this Court praying to adjudicate him as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 15th August 1922 for hearing.

C. N. THOMASWAS MUDALIYAR,
District Magistrate.

Tiruvallur, 22nd May 1922.

No. 12 of 1922, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
TIRUVARUR.Sethumadhavan Lakshminarasu—Petitioner (Defendant).
The Star of India Industrial and General Assurance Company, Limited, Madras, etc.—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court, dated 2nd March 1922, and he is directed to apply for discharge within six months from the date of adjudication.

T. SUBBA EAD,
District Magistrate.

Tiruvallur, 16th May 1922.

No. 14 of 1922, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
TIRUVARUR.Gudiah Narayanaswami—Petitioner (Defendant).
Pala Narayanaswami, etc.—Creditors (Respondents).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged as insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 24th April 1922. Creditors shall prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Tiruvallur. The insolvent should apply for discharge within six months.

F. VENKAYYA,
District Magistrate.

Tiruvallur, 19th April 1922.

No. 207 of 1922, Sess-Court, COMBATON.

Somas Gounder, son of Kandasami Gounder, residing at Guruvayalappur, Madhavai taluk, and Kandasami Gounder, son of Somas Gounder, residing at the above place—Petitioners (Creditors).
M. M. A. Marudappa Chettiar and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 (2), Art V of 1920, that the debts above named have been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Sess-Court, dated the 24th day of April 1922, on the application of the above-named petitioners that all the creditors of the above-named debtors should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th October 1922, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Combaton, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920. Time for discharge is within six months from 24th April 1922.

No. 122 of 1922, Sess-Court, COMBATON.

Sobhai Gounder, son of Malla Gounder, residing at Velichanallapur, Madhavai taluk, and Sobhai Gounder, son of Sobhai Gounder, residing at the above place—Petitioners (Creditors).

Revivalal and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 (2), Art V of 1920, that the debts above named have been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Sess-Court, dated the 24th day of April 1922, on the application of the above-named petitioners that all the creditors of the above-named debtors should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th September 1922, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Combaton, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920. Time for discharge is within six months from 24th April 1922.

No. 115 of 1922, Sess-Court, COMBATON.

Mohan Sahib, son of Hanoo Sahib, residing at Angulakurichi, Palani taluk—Petitioner (Defendant).
Mohanmood and others—Creditors.

Mohanmood and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 (2), Art V of 1920, that the debts above named have been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Sess-Court, dated the 24th day of April 1922, on the application of the above-named petitioners that all the creditors of the above-named debtors should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th September 1922, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Combaton, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920. Time for discharge is within six months from 24th April 1922.

No. 115 of 1922, Sess-Court, COMBATON.

Kallappa Gounder, son of Sallappa Gounder, residing at Velichanallapur, Madhavai taluk, and Kallappa Gounder, son of Sallappa Gounder, residing at the above place—Petitioners (Creditors).

Sallappa Gounder, son of Kallappa Gounder, residing at Velichanallapur, Madhavai taluk, and Kallappa Gounder, son of Sallappa Gounder, residing at the above place—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 (2), Art V of 1920, that the debts above named have been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Sess-Court, dated the 24th day of April 1922, on the application of the above-named petitioners that all the creditors of the above-named debtors should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th September 1922, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Combaton, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920. Time for discharge is within six months from 24th April 1922.

No. 191 of 1922, Sess-Court, COMBATON.

Kallappa Gounder, son of Pallab Gounder, residing at Kandasamudram, Madhavai taluk, and Kallappa Gounder, son of Pallab Gounder, residing at the above place—Petitioners (Creditors).

Sallappa Gounder, son of Kallappa Gounder, residing at Kandasamudram, Madhavai taluk—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 (2), Art V of 1920, that the debts above named have been adjudged insolvent by an order of the Sess-Court, dated the 24th day of April 1922, on the application of the above-named petitioners that all the creditors of the above-named debtors should prove their debts as soon as possible before 24th July 1922, and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by post in a registered letter to the Official Receiver, Combaton, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Appendix to the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1920. Time for discharge is within six months from 24th April 1922.

Whereas communications addressed to the company under section 207 (3) and (5) to its latest registered office at 40, Tiruvottai High Road, Westmanpet, Madras, either remain unanswered or are returned undelivered from the Post Office Office;

Whereas it appears accordingly that the South Indian Bank Limited, having failed to set up any business or to set in operation;

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 207 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that unless orders are made to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the said company will be dissolved.

M. KRISHNACHARI,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Madras, 19th May 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913,
AND THE NATRAN TRADING, LIMITED.

Whereas Mr. V. Kameswari Naidu, President of the Natar Trading, Limited, Trichy, has, in his letter, dated 18th May 1937, requested that the above company be set properly working and is therefore not in operation;

And whereas the undersigned has reasonable cause to believe that the above company is not carrying on business or is not in operation;

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 207 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that, unless orders are made to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the company will be struck off the register.

T. T. RANGACHARI,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
Trichy, 19th May 1937.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

No. 4 of 1937.

Tellu—Tat Guntur—Potticheri—Thalapat Bay—
General of.

Preservation—No. 8 of 1936, dated 18th October 1936

Details—The small buoy marking the anchorage off Thalapat Bay has been removed on 15th May 1937 and will be replaced in position on or about the 1st week of October 1937.

Authority—Port Officer, Guntur.

No. 5 of 1937.

Tellu—Tat Guntur—Potticheri—Thalapat Bay—
General of.

Preservation—No. 4 of 1936, dated 18th September 1936.

Details—The small buoy marking the anchorage off Thalapat Bay has been removed on 15th May 1937 and will be replaced in position on or about the 1st week of October 1937.

Authority—Port Officer, Guntur.

A. SUTHER,
Port Officer.

Madras, 19th May 1937.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

To execute of the powers delegated under section 171(a) of the Madras Survey and Enclosures Act VIII of 1913, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the same year.

In terms of the 28 villages specified below of the Revenue estate in the taluk of the East Godavari district—

1. Jagapalle.	14. Aranam.
2. Athavayal.	15. Chalapattinam.
3. Nallavayal.	16. Vellur.
4. Nallavayal.	17. Nallavayal.
5. Chalapattinam.	18. Nallavayal.
6. Nallavayal.	19. Nallavayal.
7. Nallavayal.	20. Nallavayal.
8. Nallavayal.	21. Nallavayal.
9. Nallavayal.	22. Nallavayal.
10. Nallavayal.	23. Nallavayal.
11. Nallavayal.	24. Nallavayal.
12. Nallavayal.	25. Nallavayal.
13. Nallavayal.	26. Nallavayal.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 8 of the Madras Survey and Enclosures Act VIII of 1913, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the same year.

1. Jagapalle.	14. Aranam.
2. Athavayal.	15. Chalapattinam.
3. Nallavayal.	16. Vellur.
4. Nallavayal.	17. Nallavayal.
5. Chalapattinam.	18. Nallavayal.
6. Nallavayal.	19. Nallavayal.
7. Nallavayal.	20. Nallavayal.
8. Nallavayal.	21. Nallavayal.
9. Nallavayal.	22. Nallavayal.
10. Nallavayal.	23. Nallavayal.
11. Nallavayal.	24. Nallavayal.
12. Nallavayal.	25. Nallavayal.
13. Nallavayal.	26. Nallavayal.

L. LAKKARAJU,
Assistant Registrar.

Board of Revenue, Madras.
18th May 1937.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 8 of the Madras Survey and Enclosures Act VIII of 1913, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the same year.

D. P. RAJA,
Assistant Registrar.

Board of Revenue, Madras.
18th May 1937.

In rule III of the Board's Notification No. 3, dated 14th February 1936, published as page 233 of Part II of the Part II, Gazette, dated 18th February 1936, as subsequently amended, insert the following as Nos. 25 and 26—

Block.	Sub-blocks.	Survey No. and Date.
1. Jagapalle (Nallavayal).	1. Athavayal.	4 of 1937, dated 20th May.
2. Nallavayal.	2. Nallavayal.	5 of 1937, dated 20th May.
3. Nallavayal.	3. Nallavayal.	6 of 1937, dated 20th May.

To execute of the powers delegated to Government Secretaries No. 247, dated 17th June 1935, published as page 1204 of Part II of the Part II, Gazette, dated 17th June 1935, the Board of Revenue, Hyderabad, hereby appoints under section 4 (b) of the Madras Survey Act I of 1913, the officers named below to exercise the powers of an Assistant Inspector mentioned in sections 49 to 52 inclusive of the said Act.

Name.	Designation.
1. D. Subbarao Ayyar.	1. Assistant Inspector.

T. N. S. RAOBHAVAN,
Secretary to the Commissioner of Estate,
Madras 21st May 1937.

MILITARY NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORTS ON DESCRIPTION.

Report of an alienation without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment, dated at Solihull, the 17th day of May 1937.

Number, rank and name, HUBERT LEASE Corporal R. Rank: 1. age, 38 years; height, 5 feet 7½ inches; complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, blue; build, medium; date of enlistment, 7th July 1901; place of enlistment, (refused); Parish and manor in which born, Malvern, Worcestershire, Malvern P.O.; date of last attestation, from 15th May 1937; place of description or alienation, Palace, Benda Hills, India; marks, marks missing on back. Directed to be wearing grey serge suit and grey felt hat. Issued seven years service.

(Signature), Lieut.-Col.

Commanding, 2nd Battalion, The Worcestershire Regiment.

Report of an alienation without leave from the 1st Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment, Pt. Carmichael, Madras, South India, dated at St. Thomas' Mount, the 7th day of May 1937.

Number, rank and name, 1st Lieut. Pte. Arthur James Muggs; age, 32 years; height, 5 feet 10 inches; colour of complexion, brown; hair, fair; eyes, grey; build, average; date of enlistment, 2nd October 1915; place of enlistment, Bournemouth, Dorset, and manor in which born, Molesey, Surrey, Bournemouth, date of alienation, 14th June, 1936 May 1937; place of alienation, St. Thomas' Mount, Madras, India, etc.; under five years' service.

(Signature), Lieut.-Col.

for Captain,

Commanding, Detachment, 1st Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF RAW COTTON TO THE CENTRAL JAIL, COIMBATORE.

Sealed tenders will be invited daily by the Superintendent, Central Jail, Coimbatore, for the supply of raw cotton on the job, Parties offering to tender should apply to the Superintendent for forms of tender and particulars of cotton required.

T. G. SUTHERLAND,
Superintendent of Prisons.

Madras, 2nd May 1937.

SALE OF ARTICLES OF SURPLUS PLANT AND BUILDINGS.

The undersigned, auctioneer at surplus plant and buildings of the Victoria Harbour Docks in the Main Island are for sale. Offers will be received up to the 31st May 1937. An amount of Rs. 100 in cash should accompany each offer. For what details can be had on application to this office.

Two steam crane cranes, with equipment, articles, two buildings completed on ground for the Indian Engineers, twelve miscellaneous buildings and three temporary building sites.

W. L. ERYANT,
Auctioneer.

Port Trust Office, Typhoon,
11th May 1937.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF ENVELOPES.

Tenders for the supply of envelopes, size 2½" x 3½", made of waste or other paper, privately of Indian manufacturers, will be received by the undersigned up to a notice on 12 noon on Wednesday, the 31st June 1937, and will be opened on the same day at 10.30 p.m. at his office. The tender should be sent in sealed cover accompanied by "Tender for Envelopes". Copies of the notice of tender can be had from the office of the undersigned on any office working day.

W. MCKAY,

Engineer, University of Madras,
Madras, 25th May 1937.

TENDERS FOR PROVIDING BOARD FLOORING AND BOARD DADO WORKS IN GENERAL HOSPITAL, MADRAS.

Tenders will be invited by the Executive Engineer, South Presidency Division, at his office at Chingleput, up to 2 p.m., on 7th June 1937, for the work of providing board the big and small date works in General Hospital, Madras, under different specifications. The tender should be in the prescribed form obtained from the Executive Engineer's office. The tender will be opened by the Executive Engineer, South Presidency Division, at Chingleput, on 7th June 1937, at 2 p.m.

Tenders must be submitted in sealed covers, and should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, South Presidency Division, the name of the tenderer and the name of the work being tendered for on the cover.

If the tender is made by an individual, it shall be signed with his full name and his address shall be given. If it is made by a firm, it shall be signed with the partnership name by a member of the firm, who shall also sign his own name, and the name and address of each member of the firm shall be given. If the tender is made by a corporation, it shall be signed by a duly authorized officer who shall produce with his tender, satisfactory evidence of his qualifications. Each tendering corporation may be required, before the contract is awarded, to furnish evidence of its corporate existence.

3. Each tender must pay, in earnest money, a sum of Rs. 1,000 into the hands of the Executive Engineer at Madras, to be the Government treasury or sub-treasury within the jurisdiction of the Executive Engineer, or may be deposited in the credit of the Government deposits on behalf of the Executive Engineer at the South Presidency Division and subject with him for the cheque retained accordingly. The earnest money will be returned to the successful tenderer on application, after intimation is sent of opening of the tender at or after the expiration of ten months from date of tender, whichever is earlier. This refund will be subject to the Executive Engineer by possible endorsement on the check. The earnest money will not be retained in cash or currency notes by the Public Works Department Office, where in complete sealed covers, where there are no tenders or bids, while the possibility of the above calling for tenders. When currency notes are given, the tenderer should sign the name in full with date, on the back of the note in the space provided by him, whether these documents may be.

The earnest money will be retained in the case of the successful tenderer and will not carry any interest. It will be dealt with as provided in the tender.

4. When a tender is to be accepted, the tenderer whose tender is made, immediately after the opening of the tender on the date fixed by written intimation to him, he shall forthwith bring immediately before him, to the Executive Engineer of acceptance of his tender make a counter deposit of Rs. 1,000 as a part of the deposit provided in the Madras Public Works Department Code and sign an agreement in the proper departmental form, hereafter to be the fulfillment of the contract. The earnest deposit together with the earnest money and the contract, with the tenderer to choose 50 of the standard preliminary specifications of the Madras District Standard Specifications shall be retained as security for the due fulfilment of the contract. A new security deposit is made by the tenderer, he shall fulfil the provisions laid down in the preceding paragraph for payment of earnest money and such deposit will not be returned. Failure to attend the opening office on the date fixed by the written intimation from such office or to sign the required agreement or to make the security deposit as directed in this paragraph shall nullify the tender.

5. The tenderer shall examine closely the Madras District Standard Specifications, and also the Executive Engineer's Specifications, contained therein, and sign on his behalf after the date of the Madras District Standard Specifications and, in addition, submit a statement of each article before submitting his tender with price which shall be for finished work in situ. He shall also carefully study the drawings and additional specifications and all the documents which form part of the tender, and shall be satisfied with the accepted tender. The Madras District Standard Specifications and other documents contained with the contract such as specifications, plans, drawings, specifications, shall be retained in the office of the Executive Engineer, South Presidency Division, a copy of the set of standard documents, i.e., plans and specifications, and form of tender and plan can also be had on payment of rupee one half by each set.

8. The tenderer's particular attention is drawn to the nature and extent of the standard "Preliminary Specification" dealing with—

- (1) the inspection and rejection of defective materials and work;
- (2) drawings;
- (3) materials, plant, &c.
- (4) water and lighting;
- (5) clearing up during progress and on delivery;
- (6) accidents;
- (7) storage;
- (8) particulars of payment; and
- (9) proposed names and duties of construction.

The tenderer should study points of the specification which govern the rates which he is tendering.

9. A schedule of quantities accompanying this tender notice. It shall be distinctly understood that the Government does not accept any responsibility for the correctness or completeness of that schedule, and that this schedule is liable to alterations by additions, deletions, or alterations in the description of the schedule. The Government does not accept any responsibility for the correctness of the schedule. The tenderer will, however, have his name and tender on the schedule of quantities. He should quote specific rates for the items in the schedule, and the rates should be in proper units and in sums of three pence. The rates should be quoted both in words and figures and the units in words. The tenderer should also show the total of each item and the grand total of the whole contract and quote in the tender a lump sum for which he will undertake to do the whole work subject to the conditions of contract such as are appearing with the tender schedule of quantities. He should also show the total of the lump sum tender shall be written legibly and free from erasures, overwritings or corrections of figures. Corrections, where unavoidable, should be made by crossing out the original and rewriting.

10. Tenders offering a percentage discount (less or more) on the estimate submitted and then not accepted will be proper from 10 to 15 days from the date of acceptance. Such a discount must be stated and shall not be included in the tender. No alteration which is made by the tenderer in the contract from the conditions of contract, the drawings, specifications, or schedule of quantities or any other part of the contract, shall be considered, and if any such alteration is made, the tender will be void.

11. The tenderer should work on his own risks, without reference to any clause in the Public Works Department current schedule of rates or in the Public Works Department current schedule of rates which are not open for inspection by tenderers.

12. The situation of the tenders, as directed in the contract requirements as to the time of beginning work, the rate of progress, and the dates for the completion of the whole work and the several parts. The following rate of progress and percentage of work done from time to time as will be indicated by the Executive Engineer's certificate of the value of work done, will be required. Dates of completion of the programme will be the date on which the rate for previous work is paid for to the contractor.

Period after date of commencement

	PER CENT.
Three months	10
Six months	20
One year	30

13. No part of the contract shall be taken without written permission of the Executive Engineer and shall be made by power of attorney authorizing others to receive payment on the contractor's behalf.

14. If other preliminary information is required, the Executive Engineer at the Harbour will, however, such, but it must be clearly understood that tenders must be awarded in order, and according to instructions.

15. The Executive Engineer or other authorities authorized hereby are empowered to accept any tender or to reject tenders without keeping any tender open for.

16. No payment will be repeatedly made for holding water from landfills and forming protective banks showing people at site and attention of public required during construction. The rates quoted for the tenderer must include the above-mentioned charges.

* Not paid.

17. The tenderer may however mention an index date which may be used in the rate schedule and this index date will be used in the rate schedule for the purpose of the work.

18. The qualifications of the supervising staff employed by the contractor as the execution of the work will be given due consideration in awarding the contract. The tenderer should, therefore, state in detail the names of the staff of such technical staff and if so to give the qualifications of such staff and the extent to which they will be engaged on the work.

19. Receipts will not be issued for materials taken from Government stores at intervals.

20. The tenderer must be charged on materials stored on Public Works Department's stock during the course of construction.

Stores from which materials are to be obtained.

1. Bricks above 12" for the concrete work.	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
2. Bricks above 12" for the concrete work.	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
3. Bricks above 12" for the concrete work.	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
4. Limestone	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
5. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
6. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
7. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
8. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
9. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.
10. Portland cement	Mathematics quarry or V. protein quarry.

Specimens.

1. Constructing an underground, laying out and installing a 12" of the Appendix channel. (See drawings K.S. No. 40 and 41 of 1917.)

Amount, quality and description of work.

- (1) Constructing an underground, laying out and installing a 12" of the Appendix channel. (See drawings K.S. No. 40 and 41 of 1917.)
- (2) Constructing an underground, laying out and installing a 12" of the Appendix channel. (See drawings K.S. No. 40 and 41 of 1917.)
- (3) Constructing an underground, laying out and installing a 12" of the Appendix channel. (See drawings K.S. No. 40 and 41 of 1917.)
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SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 287

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 25, 1937.

[Page 4 of 10]

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDING
22ND MAY 1937.

GENERAL SUMMARY

[illegible]D. J. R. MITCHELL
Journal of Management Studies

Board of Regents, Madison.
29th Mar. 1837.

DISTRICT REPORTS

APPENDIX

Water supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Harvest of grain by threshing in parts; cotton gear in fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Water empty wellbore. The Gederal 979 feet above crown is against 0.12 feet above creek in the last week and 0.02 foot below it in the corresponding week of the previous year. Standing crops (see Harvest of poultry proceeding in parts, outside bar). Furrows available. Fodder sufficient. Conditions of cattle generally good.

FL-4000-01

WEST CODRAGHI

Water supply generally sufficient. Grazing crops fair. Harvest of second crop partly proceeding; mature hay to be laid. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good except for malignant edema in parts of the Elbow block.

RESULTS

Water supply sufficient for drinking. The Kotak 385 feet above sea is against 375 feet below sea in the last week and 8-90 feet above sea in the corresponding week of the previous year. Standing crop fair. Pasture available except in parts of the hills of Nandgaon, Gurdaha and Doo. Paddy sufficient. Condition of roads generally good.

RESULTS

Water supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good except for underweight in parts of the Orange district.

<http://www.bjv.com>

Water supply fairly sufficient for the season. Standing even but. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts; cotton normal. Pasture mostly. Fodder sufficient. Conditions of earth generally good, except for frost and much damage in parts of the District.

TABLE 2. A SUMMARY

Water-supply sufficient for drinking purposes; supply generally sufficient for irrigation in the three channels and waterways under other sources. Boreling upon the Pacific and Atlantic coasts and inland except in parts of the Ariz. table. Conditions of cattle and goat. Employment available in agricultural operations in the north-western section of Pallas Works Department, and minor irrigation works and in industrial concerns except in the islands of Eliza and Alia and parts of the Burgess table. Marks of Incubation sufficient. Possession and quality of the various lands and Adia and the islands and islands in parts of the islands of Eliza, Alia and Alia.

TABLE 1. *Continued*

Water supply also was except under task. Standing crops for, factors tended in the values of Kull and Anwar and some others. Excess water

Condition of cattle generally good. Labourers and employees in agricultural operations, collection of sewage and other collection of Public Works Department, Railway, post and telegraph works and in various other public enterprises. Status of food-grains sufficient. Prospects fair.

CUDDAHAY.

Water-supply sufficient except in the tanks of Fardes and Suddhat. Standing crops fair. Pasture available except in parts. Food for sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Labour available in agricultural operations, industries, transport and agriculture and building works.

SEELAH.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking; sufficient for irrigation except in parts. The Kanagan reservoir 17.50 feet of water (F.T.L. 51.45 feet) as against 17.20 feet in the last week and 17.00 feet in the corresponding week of the previous year. F.T.L. 51.45 feet in the third reservoir (F.T.L. 47.45 feet) as against 47.45 feet in the last week and 47.45 feet in the corresponding week of the previous year. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts. Pasture available except in parts. Food for sufficient except in the Pappan tank. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHINDLEPUT.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Cholevanam tank 31.45 feet of water (F.T.L. 48.15) as against 31.45 feet in the last week. Red Halls tank 49.95 feet (F.T.L. 48.15) as against 47.95 feet in the last week. Standing crops generally fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Prospects generally fair.

SOUTH ARCO.

Water-supply insufficient. Vellapada reservoir 14.00 feet (F.T.L. 51.75) as against 13.75 feet in the last week. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of the Pannay tank. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available for the following classes in the Public Works Department, minor irrigation and local fund worked agricultural operations.

NORTH ARCO.

Water-supply not adequate. Standing crops generally good. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

SALEM.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking except in parts of the tanks of Kalyan and Thiruvannam; insufficient for irrigation except in parts of the Kalyan tank. The water level in the Kalyan Reservoir at Kalyan there was 11.00 feet above the level of the sea (F.T.L. 110.00) as against 10.45 feet in the last week and 10.45 feet in the corresponding week of the previous year. Flooding of sugarcane proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Prospects fair.

THIRUVANANTHAPURAM.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops generally fair. Pasture generally available except in parts. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Prospects fair on 25 miles.

TAMAR.

Water-supply sufficient except in the Kallar tank. The height of water in the pond amount of an aqueduct in the last week and 4.00 feet below that in the corresponding week of the previous year. Discharge in the Kallar river from recent, northern and southern branches 0.1 feet and 0.8 feet respectively in the last week. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

MADRAS.

Water-supply generally sufficient for drinking purposes. Pongal lake level 143.85 (F.T.L. 152.00) as against 143.85 feet in the last week and 152.10 feet in the corresponding week of the previous year. Flooding of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts. Pasture fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

KANNAD.

Water-supply sufficient for drinking except in the Kallar tank; sufficient for irrigation except in the tanks of Kallar and Kallar. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy, cotton, sugarcane, tobacco and sugarcane of paddy of cotton proceeding in parts. Pasture fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

THIRUVARUR.

Water-supply sufficient. No flow except the Kallar tank and sufficient in the last week and in the corresponding week of the previous year. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good except for sugarcane, sugarcane and cotton in the tanks of Kallar and Kallar. Prospects fair.

KALAH.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of the Kallar tank. Flooding of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts. Pasture fair. Pasture available except in the Kallar tank. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

ROUTE KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Flooding of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy in parts of the tanks of Kallar and Kallar. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

THE NIGHERS.

Water-supply sufficient. Flooding of paddy and sugarcane proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Flooding of sugarcane in parts, cotton, rice, Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good except for sugarcane and cotton in parts of the Kallar tank.

